could also be reached on managing the U.S.-Soviet relationship to

TUNIS (R) — Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi Sunday voiced regret at last week's European Economic Community (EEC) summit decision to resume financial cooperation with Israel. Community loans worth about \$40 million had been blocked since Israel's invasion of Lehanon last year. "The European decision contradicts the positions stated by community member countries towards the Palestinian problem and the continuing rejection of peace efforts by Israel," Mr. Klibi said in a statement to the Tunisian news agency TAP. He added: "This decision will no doubt encourage Israel's intransigence... since the European stand will necessarily be perceived by Israel as tacit approval of its

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prevent it leading to war.

AMMAN, MONDAY JUNE 27, 1983 — RAMADAN 17. 1403

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

#### Turkmen: Lebanese security is vital

CAIRO (R) — Turkish Foreign Minister Ilter Turkmen said Sunday his country favoured a speedy withdrawal of Israeli and other foreign troops from Lebanon whose security and sovereignty was vital to peace in the region. Mr. Turkmen said after a twohour meeting with Egyptian For-eign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali that Turkey supported the right of all countries in the region to live in peace within secure borders. He said his talks with Mr. Ali covered the latest situation in the Middle-East, including the Gulf war and the Afghan problem.

#### Begin's popularity falling, poll shows

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin's popularity has fallen by nearly 10 per cent, according to an opinion poll published Sunday. The survey, carried out by the Pori Research Institute and published in the daily newspaper Haaretz, said 44.7 per cent of Israelis were pleased with Mr. Begin's performance, com-pared with 54.5 per cent in April.

#### Aramco production falls by 34%

BAHRAIN (R) - Crude oil production by Saudi Arabia's major producer dropped 34 per cent last year to an average 6.3 million barrels per day (b/d) from 9.6 million in 1981, figures released Sunday showed. The Arabian American Oil Company (Aramco), which produces about 98 per cent of the kingdom's crude, also produced 425,000 b/d of natural gas liquids, down five per cent from 1981, its. annual report showed.

#### U.K. attorneys may oppose hanging

LONDON (R) — Britain's senior attorneys might refuse to prosecute cases in which defendants! faced the death penalty if parliament restored capital punishment, a prominent lawyer said, Sunday. The Conservative government, returned to power earlier this month with a number of oew right-wing members who are said to favour capital punishment, has pledged it will hold a parliamentary vote as early as next month on the possible reintroduction of the death penalty. abolished in 1965.

#### Ghana cancels all army leave

ABIDJAN (R) - Army headquarters in Ghana Sunday cancelled all leave and told soldiers to return to barracks immediately. Accra Radio monitored here reported. The announcement came exactly one week after loyal forces crushed a coup attempt when dissident and jailed troops seized the national radio headquarters for three hours. At least 26 people were killed in the fighting.

#### Priest killed in Punjab violence

NEW DELHI (R) — A Hindu temple priest was killed and another wounded by two swordwielding youths in the north Indian state of Punjab Sunday, the Press Trust of India (PTI) news agency reported.

### INSIDE

- Israel concedes defeat to doctors, page 2
- Badran urges government departments' restraint in budget requests, page 3
- Arafat faces oncein-a-lifetime dilemma twice, page 4 Vandals, violent seas thr-
- eaten lighthonses, page 5 Jordanian marksmen train for Olympics, page 6 Ghana seeks foreign aid,
- Italians go to the polls,

# Arafat appears playing down rift with Syria

**BEIRUT** (Agencies) — Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat and his second-in-command, Khalil Al Wazir, Sunday apparently sought to adopt a reconciliatory approach towards the rift between Syria and the organisation, and seemed to leave the door open for a diplomatic solution to the conflict.

Mr. Arafat as saying in Prague Lebanon)," he was quoted as saythat the PLO was anxious to continue its relations with Syria without any friction and Soviet President Yuri Andropov wanted a quick solution to the crisis.

The softer line against the Syr-

ians reflected a speech by Mr. name.

In the Badawi refugee camp in north Lehanon, Mr. Wazir, popularly known as Abu Jihad, told Palestinian fighters there that he would remain among them in northem and eastern Lebanon des-

side we are ready to solve the problem with the Syrians. We are looking for Arab mediation."

Al Watan quoted Mr. Arafat as telling Palestinians in Prague that President Andropov had written to him last week "stressing the pressing need for settling differences between the two sides (Syria and Fateh, the higgest commando group in the PLO)."

The newspaper gave no other details of the letter, which Mr. Arafat said was among several messages be bad received, apparently at the height of a violent situation, they added.

policy rift with Fatch. Mr. Andropov's letter bas not yet been published in Moscow, where Middle East experts said Saturday that the Soviet Union might be trying to distance itselffrom the Arafat camp and adopt a position of neutrality. Syria is a

major Soviet ally. Al Watan quoted Mr. Arafat as saying that he was "bitterly hurt" by the Syrian action, but added:
"There is a compelling need to put an end to the crisis between Fateh and the Syrian authorities to prevent it from assuming more dangerous proportions."

He was quoted as saying his expulsion directly affected the Palestinian revolution and the

"It crowned measures taken against Fatch, including encirclement of Fatch bases in Syria

the Palestine Liberation Org-

anisation (PLO) oo Sunday ann-

ounced their merger into a single

group in an effort to reunify the

trouble-hit organisation after the

expulsion from Syria of its Cha-

The groups - the Popular Froot for the Liberation of Pal-

irman, Mr. Yasser Arafat.

Palestinian commando groups in statement.

A Kuwaiti newspaper quoted and offices in Tripoli (northern

#### Arafat plans tour

Mr. Arafat, who flew to Prague "I hope there is a reciprocal des- from Tunis Saturday to address ire on Syria's part to overcome the the peace conference, returned to crisis," the daily Al Watan quoted Tunis Sunday and was expected to Mr. Arafat as saying, who was leave for Algeria later in his quest ordered to leave Syria last Friday. for Arah support in the conflict with Syria.

Details of his Algerian plans Arafat in Prague, addressing an were not available, but he was international conference on world expected to get a first-hand report peace Saturday, in which the PLO on the present mood of Syrian leader did not attack Syria by leaders from Algerian Foreign Minister Ahmad Taleb Ibrahimi, who has been in Damascus over the weekend and has met Syrian President Hafez Al Assad.

Mr. Arafat is apparently pinning his hopes mainly on Sandi Arabia, Kuwait and Algeria to pite a reported ban on entering bring pressure to bear on Syria and to convince the Assad gov-A spokesman for Abu Jihad. ernment that a compromise with later told reporters; "From our the Palestinian movement should be sought, PLO sources said.

They said Mr. Arafat saw Saudi Arabia as being likely to have the greatest influence on Syria because of its financial strength and Arab World prestige.

He feels that Algeria could also play a key role because of its independent foreign policy and its good telations with the Soviet. Union, Syria's military ally, Palestinian sources in Tunis said.

The large Palestinian population in Kuwait would give that country an important role in the

Although Mr. Arafat's plans have always been closely kept secrets, Arah sources in Tunis expected him to visit a oumber of Arah states in the next few days in his hid to find some kind of reconciliation with Syria.

(In Amman, Árabic-language daily Al Dustour quoted PLO Executive Committee member Abdul Rahim Ahmad as saying that the PLO chairman will visit the Jordanian capital during his projected Arab tour.)

But they added that he was likely to be hack in Tunis by Tuesday to meet United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar, who will he opening a joint session of the Arab League and U.N. specialised agencies.

Mr. Arafat beld talks in Tunis Sunday with French Ambassador Gilbert Perol about the crisis in

Habash, Hawatmeh join forces

Dr. Hahash and Mr. Haw-

atmeh, whose groups are the largest after Fateh in the eight-group PLO, are loyal to Mr. Arafat alt-

hough occasionally critical of his

Both Dr. Habash and Mr. Haw-

atmeh were with Mr. Arafat at the

time of his expulsion from Dam-

the Palestinian movement and relations between France and the PLO, the Palestinian news agency WAFA said.

#### Rebels call for meeting

In Damascus, rebel Fateh leader Colonel Ahu Musa called for a meeting of the organisation's general congress to discuss the dispute, the Syrian news agency SANA said. Colonel Abo Musa was quoted as saying the vast majority of Fatch guerrillas hacked the rebel cause.

Mr. Arafat has said he will agree to a general congress but has rejected demands that be should give way to an interim collective leadership until it takes place.

Fateh fighters in and around Badawi Camp, one of their main remaining strongbolds in Leh-anon, appeared relaxed Sunday despite earlier reports they were on a state of alert.

Fateh fighters lounging in the sun allowed foreign correspondents through their checkpoints without security checks and with friendly waves.

None of the sides in the crisis

appeared to want to precipitate oodsbed.

Mr. Arafat has said he feared Syria might plan a massacre of his people in Lebanon where, in addition to the fighters, there are at least 11,000 Palestinian refugees in camps near Tripoli.

#### Abu Jihad: 'We will stay'

Abn Jihad was in Lebanon when the Syrians expelled Mr. Arafat and was himself prevented from entering Syria.

Previously, convoys carrying. Mr. Arafat and Abu Jihad were waved through the Syrian border without formalities. Abu Jihad told his men early

Sunday he would stay in Lebanon despite the reported expulsion order, the PLO spokesman said. "This is Arab land, we have the

right to stay on it. Abu Jihad says he will stay wherever his forces are." he added. .

The spokesman said Fatch fig-hters were under siege in their bases in eastern Lebanon.

Rebels have been kidnapping any Fateh fighter who tried to leave his base, he said.

The spokesman said Col. Ahn Musa probably only had about 100 fighters under his command plus an unknown oumber of sympathisers.

Asked how so few men could besiege Fateh bases, he said "they seem to get soldiers out of the air." This appeared to be an indirect reference to Syrian troops whom

Mr. Arafat hlamed for supporting the rebels in clashes last week, but the PLO spokesman avoided mentioning Syria Sunday. Syria has denied backing the

Sunday's statement, which fol-

lowed a long meeting by their pol-

itburos Saturday night, said the

joint leadership would be res-

ponsible for all their political and

military steps.

They said they did not want to

form an axis but wanted to con-tribute to PLO unity and imp-

lement resolutions adopted by the

Palestine National Council - the

Palestinians' parliament in exile

-- including formation of a unified

Palestinian national army.

Palestine Liberation Organisation Chairman Yasser Arafat Saturday delivers a speech at an international conference in Prague, in which he said, "Our people still holds in its hand the green olive branch and will never let it fall. The gun in the other hand is to defend this branch," drawing loud applause from delegates from 140 countries (A.P. wir-

'No Israeli redeployment until Lebanese army takes over'

# U.S.: PLO revolt may be bad

WASHINGTON (R) — A senior U.S. government official said Saturday the revolt inside the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) against its leader Yasser Arafat might be bad because he had kept the PLO relatively mod-

Deputy Secretary of State Kenneth Dam said Syrian pressure was likely to force the PLO to become more radical. A more radical force could con-

vince others the PLO was not capable of hringing peace to the Mid-dle East, he said in a television

TEL AVIV (R) — U.S. special envoy Philip Habih arrived in Isr-

winhdrawing foreign troops from

Mr. Hahih, with special amh-

assador Morris Draper and Dep-

uty Secretary of State Richard

Fairbanks, was scheduled to meet

Lebanon.

Mr. Dam also said the United States opposed the redeployment of Israeli troops in Lehanon until an agreement was worked out for the Lebanese army to replace

Israeli redeployment without an agreement could lead to a permanent partitioning of Lehanon by Israel, Syria and Lebanon, he

Israeli officials have said they might consider moving their troops into southern Lebanon to avoid increased attacks by Pal-

Israel and Lebanon signed an

agreement last month on pulling

anisation (PLO) have refused to

The Syrians have said they will

not talk to Mr. Habib about wit-

remove their forces from

Habib in Israel, Fairbanks may go to Syria

theastern Lebanon.

ael Sunday for talks with Prime out Israeli troops, hut Syria and

Minister Menachem Begin on the Palestine Liberation Org-

estinian guerrillas in the Beirut and Bekaa Valley areas.

Israel has agreed to withdraw its forces from Lehanon, hut only if Syrian and Palestinian forces also

"What we're concerned about is that a partial withdrawal (hy Israel) might lead to a permanent division of Lebanon," Mr. Dam said, "That would be had. So it all depends on how it happens, and that's what the current situation is really all about in the Middle

Mr. Fairbanks is expected to

Israel has been studying various

plans for a limited pullback to

more defensible lines, but no dec-

ision on redeployment is expected

'until after Mr. Begin visits Was-

hington next month for talks with

visit Damascus to try to discuss the

issue with Syrian leaders.

Israeli forces retaliated with a mopping-up operation and cut the

Witnesses also said a man fired a rocket-propelled grenade and a submachinegun at an Israeli military vehicle at the northern entrance to Sidon and ran away.

for him, the witnesses said. Other witnesses said there was an explosion Sunday near an Israeli army position in Ahul-

Al Hilweh Palestinian refugee camp outside Sidon.

#### President Reagan. Mr. Begin Monday.

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraqi President Saddam Hussein Sunday called for fresh initiatives to end the Gulf war with Iran, pointing out that its continuation raised the risk of foreign intervention in the

region. In a message to a peace conference in Prague reported by the

Baghdad warns of foreign intervention Hussein said: "The war provides pretexts for armed foreign intervention which may turn the Gulf into an area of confrontation and

collision." He appealed for "any new ini-

tiative or proposal that would bring a speedy end to the war." "We believe that joint efforts of

peace are necessary to convince Iran, the party insisting on the continuation of the war, to end the hostilities," he added.

Iran earlier this month rejected an Iraqi proposal of a ceasefire for the Muslim holy month of Ramadan, the latest of a series of attempts aimed at winding down the

#### Iraqi News Agency, President goodwill for the achievement of almost three-year-old conflict. 700 feared killed in Indian floods

NEW DELHI (R) — At least 700 people were feared dead or missing in floods in the west Indian state of Gujarat, officials said Sunday.

The Press Trust of India (PTI) news agency said 40g bodies had been recovered so far as the floodwaters receded and 355 were now on the missing list. It was the second natural dis-

aster to hit the state within eight months. A cyclone killed more than 500 people in coastal districts last November and officials said the confirmed death toll this time was likely to be higher.

Air force helicopters were dropping relief supplies Sunday to thousands of villagers marooned by the flood waters. Prime Min-ister Indira Gandhi announced she would fly over affected areas

state on an inspection tour on Monday. The Press Trust of India (PTI)

news agency reported from the worst-hit Junagadh district some 270 kilometres southwest of the state capital of Ahmedabad that waves of water had left a trail of death and devastation. Corpses were left dangling in

the height of the deluge water had risen as high as five metres in some places, the agency said. In Wanthali, a town of some

shop had escaped beavy waterlogging.

trees as the waters subsided. At

An official there said an eotire 14-member family had been swept away in the swirling flo-

of the peanut and cotton-growing luding those of the father and mother had been recovered. A PTI correspondent said res-

idents were now salvaging their spoiled goods, dumping them in heaps on the road and waiting tobe taken to relief centres in trucks. Ashwin Babubhai, a local social worker, said the fate of about 1.000 people who had been sta-

ying in nearby orchards during the present mango harvesting season was still not known. Press reports said that so far 35,000 people had been evacuated from areas hit by the floods 20,000 people, hardly a house or and put up in school buildings and

other relief centres. Guiarat Chief Minister Madhavsingh Solanki said damage to property could run into millions of dollars. Thousands of cattle had odwaters. Only eight bodies inc- died in the disaster.

### French minister arrives in trouble-hit Chad

to "accept their responsibilities"

Mr. Nucci was met at the capital's hullet-scarred airport by Foreign Minister Idriss Miskine and was expected to leave later Sunday after meeting Mr. Habre. officials said.

through N'diamena shouting support for the government. Banners and slogans called on

hopes in N'djamena that France.

the former colonial power and Chad's main aid donor, intends to give Mr. Habre's over-stretched

immediate superior, also said France would not get involved in an "elementary" way like the United States in Central America.

This appeared to end speculation that French troops and be sent to Chad.

desert country.

## Palestinian leader urges PLO unity

AMMAN (Petra) - A leading Palestinian figure, Anwar Nuseibeh, Sunday expressed hope that the current differences whhin the PLO will soon come to an end. Speaking at a rally beld at Al Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem, Mr. Nuseibeh said that "Palestinian fighters should not be confronting one another but should unite together for the common cause." the Jordanian News Agency, Petra,

Speakers at the rally called for further support for the PLO. its leadership and its independence.

the agency said. Petra said that the speakers condemned Syria's "attempts to control the PLO or to create new leaders that would serve Syria's

# 2 Israelis wounded in ambush

SIDON. Lebanon (R) — Two Isr- aelisoldiers were wounded when a convoy they were travelling in came under hand grenade attack in South Lebanon Sunday, an Israeli military spokesman said.

The assailants threw two grenades in the ambush on the coast north of Sidon, the spokesman

main road. eyewitnesses said.

The Israelis mounted a search

Aswad, north of the South Lebese port of Tyre. Beirut Radio said shooting broke out Sunday near the 'Ain.

## **ASEAN** pressure expected on Shultz

BANGKOK (R) — The United States is expected to come under pressure to play a more active role in the dispute over Vietnam's presence in Kampuchea when Secretary of State George Shultz meets Southeast Asian foreign ministers Monday.

Mr. Shultz and other U.S. officials have said the American position will be one of support for the Association of South-East Asian Nations (ASEAN) hut made clear he will listen to the views of others rather than put forward proposals. But officials from

ASEAN--Thailand. Malaysia. Singapore. Indonesia and the Philippines-would like the United States to be more active in its support for non-Communist members of the anti-Vietnamese coalition led by Prince Norodom Sihanouk. Washington's support at pre-

sent is limited to political backing and humanitarian aid. ASEAN officials suggest it could provide non-lethal military assistance. such as communications equipment for use in their fight against the Vietnamese.

Mr. Shultz arrived in Bangkok Sunday on the second leg of a four-nation Asian trip for talks with ASEAN foreign ministers and also representatives of ASEAN's so-called dialogue partners, which in addition to the U.S. are Australia. Canada. New Zeaand Japan and the European Community.

The U.S. view on Kampuchea. like ASEAN's. is that Vietnam must ultimately pull out its 160.000 to 180.000 troops and let the country choose its own government.

An official accompanying Mr. Shultz told reporters aboard the plane to Bangkok that receot public shows of flexibility by Vietnam on the Kampuchea question were merely tactical moves to try to break up ASEAN unity.

#### estine headed by George Habash, ascus Friday. The two were grimand the Democratic Front for the faced and one official said, "they Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) are very upset about the Syrian led by Nayef Hawatmeh - ann-Abu Jihad: 'Rifa'at Assad

DAMASCUS (Agencies) - Two ounced their decision in a joint leave."

invited Arafat to Syria? KUWAIT (Agencies) - Rifa'at to expel Mr. Arafat came as a sur-Al Assad, the brother of Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, invited Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat to Syria, and sought to mediate the. crisis between Mr. Arafat and

Khalil Al Wazir, (Abu Jihad), deputy commander of the PLO forces, told the daily Al Rai Al' Aam here that the Syrian decision

PLO dissidents, a leading PLO

official was Sunday quoted as say-

prise after a "fruitful meeting"

between the two men. Mr. Arafat left Damascus on Friday, after the expulsion was ordered on grounds that he had issued "lies and slander" about Fateh, the PLO's major grouping.

Palestinian organisations to "con-

Syria's role in the dispute within Abu Jihad added that the Syrian foreign minister, Abdul Halim Khaddam, had called for the general secretaries of the different



Khalil Al Wazir (Abu Jihad)

demn" Mr. Arafat for inviting Arab leaders to intervene to stop Syrian-Palestinian aggressioo against the Palestinian rev-

# anisation of African Unity (OAU)

N'DJAMENA (R) - French Cooperation Minister Christian Nucci made a surprise visit to N'diamena Sunday for talks with threat. Chad President Hissene Habre, whose regime is under mounting pressure in the north from Libyan-backed rebels.

Foreign Minister Claude Che-Before his arrival several thoysson said his country could not remain indifferent if Libya dirusand demonstrators marched

the United Nations and the Org-

due to fly on to the Central African Republic, officials said. French President Francois Mitterrand issued a thinly-veiled warning to Libya last week not to intervene in Chad's affairs, and

ectly hacked the rebels of ex-President Goukouni Oueddei. These statements have raised

towards Chad in face of the rebel orces material support. But Mr. Cheysson, Mr. Nucci's Mr. Nucci, who flew in from the Congolese capital Brazzaville, was

> strike aircraft stationed in the Central African Republic would The rebels captured the str-

ategic northern town of Faya-Largeau last Friday and now control one-third of the vast semi-

# MIDDLE EAST

# Israel concedes defeat to hunger-striking doctors

TEL AVIV (R) - The Israeli government Sunday conceded deteat to hunger striking doctors and appealed to them to return to work immediately to prevent the total collapse of medical ser-

With major hospitals closed and wurnings that a disaster was imminent, the cabinet announced it had accepted the doctors' demand that outstanding issues in a fourmonth wages dispute be referred to arbitration.

Education Minister Zevulun Hammer told reporters after a lengthy cabinet meeting that the government had changed its stand no prevent a trugedy.

About half the 7,000 government doctors have been on hunger strike for almost two weeks and in most areas of Israel there were no hospital beds, excepi for lite-and-death cases.

Cabinet Secretary Dan Meridor read out a government appeal to the doctors to break their last and go back to work. "Lives are endangered." vir. vieridor said,

The cabinet's decision was a serious blow for Finance Minister Yoram Aridor's anti-inflation strategy and his attempts to hold

BAHRAIN (R) - Env-

ironmental experts Sunday con-

tinued detailed discussion of plans

to clean up a major oil slick from

damaged Iranian wells which is

threatening marine life coastal

anised by the eight-nation Reg-

ional Urganisation for the Pro-

tection of Marine Environment

(RCII's IF) in Kuwait, met Sunday

morning with only the delegates of

Bahrain. 'Jaiar and Saudi Arabia

unother session would be held

Sunday night when the rep-

Hillicial sources told Reuters

The technical meeting, org-

industrial plants in the Gulf.

The doctors, whose basic starting salary is \$350 a month, had already won concessions from the government and demanded that outstanding issues such as work hours be put to arbitration.

The government had been insisting it would only agree to this if all issues, including the improved wages it had offered, were sent to arbitration.

The doctors, apparently fearful they might lose gains already wrested from government negoliators, wanted only the outstanding issues to be put to arb-

#### More hospitals close

While the cabinet met, more hospitals closed their doors. Weakened doctors were laid out in emergency wards plastered with strike placards, intravenous feeds sticking from their arms.

In Tel Aviv. Israel's largest city. and the northern port of Haifa, hospital administrators described

the situation as "desperate". Notices went up at hospital gates declaring them closed to pat-

resentatives of Iraq. Kuwait and

Oman are expected to attend. Off-

icials from Iran and the United

Arab Emirates are due to arrive

The 33-month-old war between

Iraq and Iran has blocked all pre-

vious attempts to agree a formula

for capping the wells, in a dan-

gerous war zone at the head of the

Iran has turned down an Iraqi

offer of a limited ceasefire, saying

only safe-conduct guarantees by

Iraq are needed to enable repair

The Bahrain meeting, which

crews to cap the wells.

Oil slick talks continue slowly

Monday, they said.

ients. In Kfar Saba outside Tel Aviv. ambulance drivers were instructed to take emergency cases to hospitals in the Israeli-occupied Arab West Bank.

No maternity services were available in Haifa. "There is nowhere to send pregnant mothers to have their babies." a Haifa physician

All hospital services ceased in the Negev desert city of Beersheba, where the hunger strike siarted.

Finance Minister Aridor has made a wages hold-down a central part of his efforts to bring down inflation, now running at an annual rate of 140 per cent.

He had refused to authorise more than a 22 per cent increase for the doctors and for months had been in conflict with Health Minister Eliezer Shostak.

After Prime Minister Menachem Begin intervened personally in the dispute last week. the government agreed that junior doctors should earn the national average wage, about \$65().

Nurses are already campaigning for huge pay rises and Mr. Aridor warned in advance that conceding defeat to the doctors would open the way for more wages battles.

began Saturday, is dicussing all

aspecis of surveillance and cle-

aning up of the slick, costs and the

availability of equipment and

manpower, the official sources

According to one estimate.

Kuwaiti Health Minister

Abdel-Rahman Al-Awadi. who

attended Saturday's opening ses-

sion, said on his return home that a

meeting of ministers from the

eight ROPME member states

might be delayed until after Ram-

By Arik Bachar

adan which ends in mid-July.

capping and cleaning operation

may cost \$10 million.



About 100 members of an Israeli paratroop reserve unit protest against orders to serve in Lebanon outside Prime Minister Menachem Begin's bome in

occopied Jerusalem Saturday. The reservists were from the same unit. (A.P. wirephoto)

# Israeli reservists protest

- About [10] Israeli reserve soldiers who have been ordered to serve in Lebanon have protested against the war in front of Prime Vinister Menachem Begin's res-

OCCUPIED JERUSALE vI (R) orders to report for a second tour of duty in Lebanon but wanted first to demonstrate their opp

They carried placards reading: Begin, you are invited to Leb-The reservists, who all serve in anon" and "Begin, you are silent the same combat unit, said they but the kalachnikovs (rifles used planned to comply with recent by Palestinian guerrillast are not."

# Turkmen visits Egypt

CAIRO (R) - Turkish Foreign Minister Liter Turkmen arrived Saturday for a five-day visit and brought Egyptian President Hosni vlubarak a message from Turkish President Kenan Evren.

He told reporters the message dealt with relations between the two countries, world issues and the latest developments in the region. He did not elaborate.

Mr. Turkmen, the first senior Turkish official to visit Egypt in 15 years, said his country favoured immediate withdrawal of Israeli

### Sri Lankan president visits Bahrain

BAHRAIN (R) - Sri Lankan President Junius Jayewardene Sunday exchanged views on intemational and Arab issues with the emir of Bahrain. Sheikh Isa Bin Sulman Ak-Khalifa,

The official Gulf News Agency said the two leaders also discussed ways of strengthening bilateral relations Bahrain's prime minister and

foreign minister also attended the President Jayewardene arrived here Saturday night from Egypt on a three-day private visit.

'Question of survival'

Jeddah pardons people

jailed for minor offenses

BAHRAIN (R) - King Fahd of Saudi Arabia has pardoned an undisclosed number of people jailed for minor offences on the occasion of the current viuslim fasting month of Ramadan, the official

The traditional royal pardon, subject to written pledges of future

good conduct, covered people sentenced to not more than six months

imprisonment or a fine of 1.11(1) rivals (about \$290) or both, provided

Prisoners aged 65 or over were also pardoned unless they had been

convicted of murder, rape, drug or arms smuggling or were serving

life sentences. People sentenced for offences committed during

the lashing part of sentences had been carried out.

Moro leader insists on

separate Muslim republic

Saudi press agency said Sunday.

Ramadan were also excluded.

JEDDAH (R) — Filipino Muslim

guerrilla leader Nur Misuari has

southern Philippines.

struggle for independence.

the Philippine armed forces.

hand to govern as he saw fit.

accused President Ferdinand Marcos of waging a campaign of genocide against Muslims in the "The problem we are facing concerns the survival and destiny of our people, who have been fac-In an interview with the ing an unmitigated campaign of Jeddah-based Arab News pubgenocide at the hands of the collished Sunday. Mr. Misuari. chaonial armed forces of the Philippines under President Marcos. irman of the Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF), said Mus-

Ar. Visuari added. lims in the southern Philippines He denied Mr. Marcos charge were determined to continue the he had joined with the Communist New People's Army to coordinate The MNLF would seek world attacks on government troops.

recognition of the "Bangsamoro Describing it as "baloncy", he Republic" as a distinct and sepsaid: " Marcos is raising a bogey. arate polnical entity. he said, cha-We do not need communist suprging that his people faced a cam- port to win this war". paign of genocide on the part of

The MNLF leader said there was at present no chance of coin-Mr. Misuari was replying to an promise with the government. He also said vir. Marcos had not

Arab News interview with Mr. Marcos in Manila, published Sat- abided by the 1976 Tripoli agrurday. Mr. Marcos said he had ecatem, under which the two sides offered to appoint Mr. Misuari agreed to a ceasefire. chief executive of the southern Subsequent talks involving Libprovince of Mindanao, with a free yan leader vluammar Jadhafi.

aimed at satisfying Muslim dem-Mr. Misuari, currently visiting ands for autono Saudi Arabia, said the president over VINL+ demand had made the offer several times. to maintain its own s. through intermediaries such as the and control a prop-Organisation of the Islamic Convisional government for

The Muslim rebellion "But this is not the problem that we are facing, this is not the sol- south, which started in 1972, has ution we are fighting for." he said. claimed an estimated 613,000 lives.

# Pakistani government heads off big dispute

itary authorities have settled a ivities at Gadani beach about 65 dispute with one of the country's kilometres west of Karachi. most powerful business lobbles which had called threatened to bring all industry in Pakistan to a half, outhoritative sources said Sunday.

The Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and Indusiry had called Saturday for a national strike next Thursday by the business community over tax payments by ship-breakers.

The dispute was the first major confrontation between the business community and the sixyear-old government of President Mohammad Zia-Ul-Haq.

It flared on Wednesday when 41 top men in the ship-breaking industry were arrested for not pay- each year.

KARACHI (R) - Pakisian's mil- ing municipal taxes on their act-

However authoritative sources said the businessmen were released Sunday after a preliminary payment was made on outstanding taxes of about 27 million rupees (N2 million).

The ship-breakers had argued they were not liable for municipal taxes because they already paid federal taxes on their operations. A federation spokesman told Reuters Thursday's strike had

Pakistan is the world's secondlargest ship-breaking nation after Taiwan with about believe hacking to pieces about 15tt ships

now been called off.

LONDON --- Israel has few options for a part-withdrawal from Lebanon that would preseve gains cost in casualties. Western experts

With last month's Israeli-Lebanese troop withdrawal accord grounded by Syrian opposition. Israel has been exploring ways of redeploying its estimated 25 talk troops presently in Leb-

The problem for the Israelis is how to reconcile a need to stop mounting casualties without shaking the fragile balance of forces which has existed in Lebanon for the past 10 months.

Western military analysts say Israel has two basic options - a partial withdrawal to the Awali

More bullet holes in Israel's military cards as pullout talks remain stalled River some 45 kilometres north of the Israeli border, or falling back to a new line along the Zahrani River Several kilometres closer to

the frontier. ister Yehuda Ben Meir said in an interview published last week that the Awali River "has a natural appeal" when considering a par-

'Many options'

tial withdrawal.

But "there are many options open to us in terms of a redeployment." he said.

Israel controls a line from Beirut, 85 kilometres north of the Israeli border, along a stretch of the Beirut-Damascus Road. down towards the Syrian frontier through Lebanon's Bekaa Valley.

Long supply routes in rugged terrain, amid a hostile population. have come under increased Arab

commando attacks.

ensible lines such as the Awali River could ease the casualty proanalysts say.

Withdrawal from the outskirts of Beirut and the Beirut-Damascus Road could create a vacuum around the Lebanese capital which might lure Syrian and Palestinian forces back to the area from which they were evicted under Israeli siege last August.

A retrenchment may also bolster Syria's refusal to withdraw its estimated 40,000 soldiers and 8,000 allied Palestinian fighters from north and east Lebanon. One region the Israelis are keen

to leave is the Shouf Mountains east of Beirut where Israeli troops have been caught in factional cla-

shes between Druze and pre-A realignment to more def- dominantly Christian militias.

Withdrawal to the Awali would help keep Palestinian commandos blem but would pose equally dif- well out of artillery range of Israeli northern frontier town main goal Israel set when it invaded Lebanon last June. The U.S., which sponsored the

Israeli-Lebanese troop withdrawal accord, has made clear it does not want the situation changed by Israel before alternatives can be worked out.

Secretary of State George Shuultz said: "One would hope that if there is any move in the direction of withdrawal it would be part of an overall programme."

A U.S. diplomat said: "The Israelis seem to understand the necessity to consult us and avoid springing any surprises."

ference (OIC).

army is still incapable of taking ure talks on full withdrawals. over responsibility for security where foreign forces are now present, but it could control the areas Israel is most likely to leave. Bei-

Military analysis say governments contributing to the Multinational Force may be reluctant to commit troops to areas where

They say that while an Israeli

redevelopment in Lebanon's coa-There are two possible can stal region can be easily com-

Although the proximity of Isthe fact that Israeli guns in the Bekaa are within range of Dam-

Analysis say that after a redevelopment. Israel may fence off the entire South Lebanese region. effectively partitioning Lebanon into areas of Israeli and Syrian

Although the Israelis have stressed they do not want to be part of a scheme that would cut Lebanon in two. analysts say that, by fencing off the south, casualty figures could be trimmed.

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## TV & RADIO

### JORDAN TELEVISION

MAIN CHANNEL ...... Сапооць . Children's Programme Famous Men Local Programme Religious Programme
Maghreb Prayers 19:05 20:00 20:50 21:40 .. Religious Programme ...... Arabic Series Arabic Varieties ..... News m Arabic
Arabic Play

# FOREIGN CHANNEL

L8:00	French Programme
(9:00	News in French
10-30	News in Hebrew
20:30	Comedy: Taxi
21-10	Magnum
27-00	News in English
32:15	
	RADIO JORDAN
	"H" AM C OO MHT FM

833 KHZ AM & YY MHG I'M
& partly on 9560 KHz, SW
07:00 Morning Show
07:30 News Bulletin
19:00 News Summar
10:95 Morning Show
11:00 Pop Sessio
12:00 News Summar
12:05 Pop Sessio
13:00 News Summar
13:03 Pop Sessio
14:00 News Bulleti
14:10 Instrumenta
14:30 Over a Cup of Te
IS:00 Conœ⊓ Hou
16:00 News Summar
16:05 Instrumentals. Old Favourite
17:00 Jordan in Histor
17:45 Pope Session
18:00 News Summar
18:05 Sports Round-ur
18:30 Doctor at Larg
19:00 Newsdesi
19:30 Date with a Star
20:00 Evening Show
21:00 News Summary
21:55 News Summary
23:00 News Summary
24:00 News Headlines

### BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

639. 720. 1413 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 The Monument
06:45 Letter from London 06:55 Reflections 07:00 World News 07:09
Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary
07:30 The Golden Age of Opertus 07:45
Letters from Everywhere 08:00 Newsdesk 08:30 Baker's Half Dozen 09:00
World News 09:09 Twenty-Four Hours:
News Summary 09:30 Command Performance 09:50 Record of the Week
10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections
10:15 Peebles' Choice 10:30 Anything
Goes 11:80 World News 11:09 British
Press Review 11:15 Waveguide 11:25
Good Books 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45
Music Now 12:15 The Brotherhood of Music Now 12:15 The Brotherhood of arass 12:30 Europe's Unildy Peace 13:00 World News 13:09 News Abou Aritain 13:15 The Classic Albums 13:30
Pleasures 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15
Animal, Vegetable or Mineral? 14:45
Sports Round-up 15:00 World News
15:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 15:30 Country 5tyle 15:45 Outbreak of Fear 16:15 Rivers of the World
16:30 Labo Seel 17:00 Radio Newsreel 16:30 John Peel 17:90 Radio Newsree 17:15 Outlook 18:09 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Wimbledon '83 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 Book Choice 19:15 My Music 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Out of 2015 Radio Newsreet 20130 Out of Work in Britain 21:40 Outlook 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 Peebles' Choice 22:90 World News 22:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 22:30 Sporting International 23:00 Network U.K. 23:15 Wimbledon Report 23:30 Europe's Unitidy Peace 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 Book Choice 00:30 Interlude 00:40 Reflections 00:45 Sports Round-up 01:00 World News 01:09 Commentary at: 18 Classical Record Review 01:30 Animal. Vegetable or

VOICE OF AMERICA 1260, 5965, 7200, 15205, 1/725 KHz

95:00 The Breakfast Show: News. Intormal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Answith regular reports, interviews, Answers to Listener's Opestions, Science Digest, News Summary at 30 minutes past the hour. 17:00 News 17:12 Magazine Show 17:30 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:20 New sline 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Magazine Show 19:30 Special English News and Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Now Music USA

### WHAT'S GOING ON

## **TODAY'S EVENTS**

EXHIBITION

Paintings by Hind Sharif Nasser at the Jordan Plastic Arts Association. Jabal

"Petra," photographs by Roger Clo-itre, at the French Cultural Centre.

" - Patton," at the American Centre at

De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 661757. Church of the Assumeisti Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Red-eemer) Jabal Amman, 43453. ion Catholic Church Ashrafich. 71331. ine Orthodox Church Ashrafich.

Ashrafieh. 71751.
Aspanan International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani. 663249.

Y.W.M.A.

FILM

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman. tel. 24590. Church of the Ameuncistion (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440.

7526t. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox)

### CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre . Tel. 66 (026/7 Goethe Institute 4(993 Soviet Cultural Centre 44203 

### MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash 14th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5
p.m. Year-round, Tel. 51760.
Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an
excellent collection of the antiquities of
Jordan, Jabal Al Oafa (Citadel Hill).
Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.
IFridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m.
4 00 a.m. - 1. Citadel Tuesdens

4.00 p.m.]. Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh, Opening hours: 10,00 a.m.
1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6,100 p.m.
Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.
Military Misseum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab

Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.—4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240. Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes. weapons, musical instruments, ecete. ng bours: 9,00 s.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

## SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriou Hotel. (.30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Mee every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. Rotary Chab. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel. 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabai Amman.

### PRAYER TIMES

Eighth Circle, Tel. 815261.

	I WII LA TIMES
02-30	
02:50	F7
04:32	(Sunrise) Shuri
	Dhu
15:19	
1004/	Maghr

### FOR THE TRAVELLER

AMMAN AIRPORT

### ARRIVALS

Jeddah (RJ)
Dhshran (RI)
Kurweit 1D11
Doha, Bahrain (R.)
Daime (D)
Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF
Ankara (TU)
Moscow (SU)
Cairo (EA)
Jeddah, Medinz (SV)
Cairo (RJ)
Cairo (RJ)
Caro (RJ)
Athens   RJ
Torin Bangrok (RJ)
Tunis, Athens (TU)
. New York, Amsterdam (RI)
Paris, Beirus (AF)
Athene (CE)
Frankfurt. Damascus (LH)
Chiro (EA)
Beiru (MEA)
Athens (OA)
Cairo (FA)
Cairo 1R11
Baghdad (RJ)

### DEPARTURES

04:45	
66:15	Damascus (R.
07:80	Aqaba (R.
07:55	Cairo (EA
08:30	Athens (OA
09-05	Beirut (MEA
10-30	Damascus, Athens, Zurich (Si
11.00	Datusselle, Autens, Zurich (S)
[1700	Vienna, New York (R.
11-19	Athens (R
[1:30	Cairo (R
11:30	Athens (G
[2:00	Paris London (D
14415	Franklurt Geneva (D.
5ا شا	Istanbul, Buchareer (D
LÆL	Caim (D
1.50	Ankara (TI
14:05	
14:30	Kuwait (KA)
	Canal Inch

# ...... Baghdad (RJ) ...... Medina, Jeddah (SV)

This information is supplied by Alia information department at the Queen Alia International Airport tel. (08) 53250. Bahrain. Abu Dhabi (GF) shere it should always be verified.

Cairo (EA) Cairo (RI) Aquba   RI) Ahu Dhabi (RI) Damascus (RI)	20:30 Dubai. Abu Dhabi ( 20:30 Cairo ( 20:55 Cairo ( 01:25 Cairo (
Dhshran (RJ)  Kuwait  RJ)  Muscat. Dubai (RJ)  Doha, Bahrain (RJ)	MONEY EXCHANGE
	Local sell-bay rates in   Color   Co

04:45	
<b>86:1</b> 5	Damascus (RJ)
07:80	Aqaba (RJ)
07:55	Cairo (EA)
08:30	Athens (OA)
69-05	Beirut (MEA)
10-30	Damascus, Athens, Zurich (SR
11.05	DATUSCIA, AUSCUS, ZUNCH (SR
[TYDO	Vienna, New York (RJ
11:12	Athens (RU
[1:30	Coies / DI
11:30	Athena (CE
[2:00	Paris London (D.)
12215	Franking Community
t2:15	Istanbul, Bucharest (RJ
12:15	Cairo (RJ
13:30	Caro (RJ
14-85	Ankara (TU
14420	

.. Jeddah (RJ)

MONEY EXCHANGE	Σ
Local sellibuy rates	in fils
Relaian franc 71.2/	71.6
Dutch guilder 127.9/	128.7
Egyptian guines 335.3/	339.2
French franc 47.6/	47.9
Irani dinar 445.7/	454.7
Iraqi dinar	24.3
Japanese yen (for 100) 151.8	152.7
Kuwaiti dinar 123(-5/ 1	
Lebanese lira	85.7
Omani riyal 1035.5/	
Canada anno anno 1005 an 1	99.3
Oatari riyal	104.7
Saudi riyal 104.4/	47.8
Swedish crown 47.5/	
Swiss frane 173.4/	174.4
Syrian Itra	63.7
UAE dirham 97.7/	98.4
U.K. sterling pound 557.3/	560,6
U.S. dollar 360/	362
W. German mark (43.3/	144.2

### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of It will be fair, with northwesterly mod-erate winds. In Aqaba, winds will be

.. 21/3S

Yesterday's high 1cmperatures: Ammao 26, Aqaba 34, Humidity rea-Amman 26, Aqaba 34, Humidity rea-dings: Amman 41 per cent. Aqaba 41

didates that could fill gaps left by an Israeli pullback - Lebanon's positions in the Bekaa Valley. tinational Peacekeeping Force aeli and Syrian forces in the area made up of contigents from the increases the danger of hostilities. U.S., France, Italy and Britain and now confined to Beirut.

rut and the Shouf ridge.

they could be caught in Lebanese communal fighting.

Lebanese diplomats say their ascus could be a trump card in fut-

domination.

### USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. Dr. Abdul Rahman Al Nejjar . 75050

### **EMERGENCIES** Netrukh pharmacy Al Jala pharmacy Duwani pharmacy Jabal Al Tei pharmacy Rana pharmacy 661111 Fire headquarters 22090-3 Police rescue 192, 21111, 37777 Police headquarters 39141

Uppertlower price in fils per kg.

#### Municipal water service ...... 71125-8 Queen Alia Int. Airport \_ (08) 53333 HOSPITATE

· DOSTITALS
Hussein Medical Centre _ 813813-32
Khalidi Matemity J. Amman 44781-4
Akleh Maternity, J. Amman 47441
Jabai Amman Maternity 42342
Maihas, J. Amman 3600
Palestine, Simeisan 664171 4
Mineral Hospital Acolon T
. CHIVEDREV HOSPITAL RACUAE
Del Circula, I. Hilesein 667(20
OFMUSSIEF HOSPital A67777 o
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NIGHT DUTY
AMMAN:
Dr. Suleiman Al Debubi 7675
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### Khaled taxi .... Hussein Youth City taxi ...... 666417 IRBID: Dr. Hani Gharaibeh ....

ZARQA:

Jordan Television

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Dr. Azzam Al Madani ...... 85238

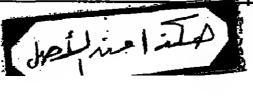
Al Amai pharmacy ..... (—)

**GENERAL** 

	Jordan and Middle East calis	(0 17
1	PRICES	•
	Grapefruit 180/1	50

# **MARKET**

Apple (American)	Grapetrut 1607 L30
Apple (Double Red) (80 / 150	Grapes
Apple (Golden) 180 / 150	Grape leaves 300 / 250
Apple (local)	Lemon 500 / 400
Apple (local) 180 / 150	Marrow (large) 120 / 80
Apple (Starken) (80 / 150	Marrow (small)
Apricots	Mallow (strain)
Denana	MINISTRA
Benana (Mukammar) 230 / 200	Melon100 / 80
Beans 400 / 350	Onion (dry) 120 / 100
Beant (broad)	Onion (green) (80 / 150 )
Beans (broad) 100 / 70	Okta 600 / 500 i
Cabbage	Oranges
Carrot	Peaches
Lauduower (white) 150 / +AA	Peas
Cucines 600 / cno	700 / 550
	Pears700 / 550
300 / 250	Pepper (Sweet)
Corn	Pepper (Hot Green) 600/500
Circumber (large)	Poratoes
Cucumber (email)	Plum 300 / 434
Cucumber (small)200/ 160	Radish
	Spinach
-66P-44 (SUMI) 750 / 700	Tomatoes
	Watermelon (60 / (20
Garlic	Marchiter
	·



# Amman, Athens mayors to sign joint agreement

By Lamis K. Andoni Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN -- "We have laid down foundations for closer and stronger cooperation between the municipalities of Athens and Amman and a protocol will be signed when the mayor of Amman visits Athens in the near future," the mayor of Athens said Sunday.

Mr. Dimitrios Beys, who left for Athens Sunday, led a Greek delegation on a five-day official visit to Amman. During the visit, delegation held several meetings with the Mayor of Amman Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeh.

"We have discussed different problems which both capitals face. and were briefed by the Jordanian contingent on project and plans that have been implemented by the municipality to develop the city of Amman," he said.

#### Overpopulation

Mr. Beys, who is serving his second term as the elected mayor of Athens, noted that both cities suffer common problems. A major problem which both municipalities have to combat is a growing concentration of their country's population in the capitals. he said. Mr. Beys explained that "this over population" in both cities is caused by the continuous emigration of people from the

rural areas to the two capitals. This growing influx of people has created new problems, he said. He explained that increase has aggravated the traffic problem in Athens, and made it difficult for the municipality and other govemmental institutions to render public services capable of fulfilling the need of the growing pop-

"For example, despite the ample supply of water in Athens, from a lake that is 200 kilometres from the city in order to meet the need of the increasing pop-

#### Raising rural standards

Mr. Beys, however, pointed out that the municipality of Athens has gone a long way in combating over population. To counter the rural emigration, Mr. Beys, who is also the president of the central union of all municipalities in Greece, said that the municipalities decided to improve and raise the standard of life in the rural areas. The result was a remarkable reduction in emigration, particularly to Athens.

The issue of emigration from rural areas to Amman and its consequences both on life in the capital and on agriculture was a major issue that was raised by National Consultative Council (NCC) members in a recent debate on agriculture in Jordan. Members then requested the government to introduce measures that will curb this emigration.

Mr. Beys praised a plan worked out by the municipality of Amman to reduce the influx of people from the rural areas. He did not elaborate on the plan.

#### Urban pollution

A second problem which Mr. Beys raised was pollution. He said that the municipality of Athens has issued strict regulations to encourage the use of smokeless fuel and gas powered heating. The municipality of Athens has also planted 500 dunums of government lands with trees in an attempt to purify the air and to beautify the city. The Greek mayor added that the government bas enacted legislation that force facwe were forced to bring water . tories in Athens to reduce their



Mayor of Athens Demitrios Beys (second from right) and his Amman opposite number Abdul Raouf Rawabdeh (next left) together at the Queen Alia

International Airport Sunday prior to the departure nf the Greek delegation (Petra photo)

production by 30 per cent during the summer to reduce pollution. Badran. Mr. Beys said that they discussed recent development in Another piece of legislation stipulates that factory waste and refuse should be filtered before being

#### Recreational facilities

dumped into the sea.

Mr. Beys, said that the municipality pays a special attention to building of recreational parks and centre, especially for children. He noted that Amman needs more parks and that this issue was discussed with the Amman municipality team.

Mr. Beys, who also visited Al Wahdat refugee camp Saturday, and expressed admiration for the work being done by the Amman municipality in building new housing units for the refugees at Wadi Rimam near the Wahdat camp.

During his stay in Jordan, Mr. Beys was also received by His Majesty King Hussein, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and Prime Minister Mudar

the Middle East.

The Greek delegation Saturday also received representatives of Palestinian refugees in Jordan for the people and government of Greece for the support rendered to the just Arab causes in general and the Palestinian struggle in particular."

#### Palestinian struggle

Mr. Beys reiterated the Greek position in support of the Palestinian struggle, and his government's call for a total witbdrawal of Israeli troops from all occupied Arab territories and Lebanon.

A prominent figure in the ruling socialist party (Pasok), Mr. Beys expressed sorrow at the recent rifts in the Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO). "I think that it is of crucial impuggle that Palestinians unite under the leadership of Mr. Yasser Arafat," he said.

The mayor of Athens said that Greece will continue to play on effective rule in the Economic who expressed deep appreciation European Community (EEC) in support of just Arab causes. Greece became the tenth member of the EEC in 1980, despite local protests from the opposition parties that included the Pasok.

Yet when Pasok won the elections it did not withdraw Greece from the EEC as was expected. When the Pasok took over, Greece was already a member of the EEC and it was very difficult for us to withdraw," he said.

Greece might withdraw, however, if its membership of the EEC proves to infringe upon its political and economic independence, he added. "Meanwhile, Greece is trying to use its presence in the EEC to promote all just causes, including the Pal-"I think that it is of crucial impestinian one and to help devertance for the Palestinian streeloping countries," he said.

# Badran calls for restraint in budget applications

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Mudar Badran Sunday instructed all government departments and ministries not to increase the volume of their recurrent expenditure in their 1984 budget applications heyond the limits permitted in the 1981-85 five-year development plan. .

circular distributed to the departments Sunday, said that all government offices should be careful not to ask for funds for projects which their administrative and technical capabilities are unable to handle.

The circular, which included detailed instructions on the methods to be followed in preparing general budgets for the 1984 fiscal year, also stressed that all budgets should be delivered to the General

The instructions, contained in a Budget Department in due course so as to be endorsed on time. Department capital budgets for 1984 will not exceed the figures apportioned in the 1983 budget, if the department fails to submit its budget on time, the circular said.

The circular said that all heads of departments and accountants will be held responsible for all information and figures that are contained in the hudget sheets.

It also requested all department heads to visit the General Budget



Mudar Badran

Department to receive the special forms on which to prepare the department's general budget.

# Archaeological excavations uncover 9,000 year-old site of Ain Ghazal

By Rami G. Khouri Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Excavations have resumed for the second season at the 9,000-year-old archaeological site of Ain Ghazal in Amman that seems to grow in importace with every season.

A brief six-week season last year started to uncover a well preserved Neolithic village at Ain Ghazal that promised to shed considerable new light on the transition of human beings some 9.000 years ago from the huntergatherer lifestyle and economy, to a permanently settled village population living by animal and plant domestication for the most part.

In the first days of this year's eight-week excavation, archaeologists quickly discovered that the site of the ancient village. located across the highway from ware, paleoethnobotany and the

atment plant, at the northern entrance of the capital, extended across the ancient wadi to the area north of the present sewage treatment plant. Dr. Gary Rollefson of Yarmouk University. who heads the dig along with Dr. Alan Simmons of the University of Kansas, told the Jordan Times this week that the Ain Ghazal site appears to cover an area of at least 35-40 hectares (350-400 dunums), making it perhaps the lar-

gest such Neolithic village in the Middle East - bigger in size even than the famous Neolithic village sites of Jericho, in Palestine, and Catal Huyuk, in Turkey.

The 23-strong team of archaeologists includes specialists in lithics (stone tools), animal and human bones, ancient plaster

the main Amman sewage tre- experimental new field of archaeo-magnetism, the study of burned ancient remains to determine their age according to the 'changing alignment of the magnetic north pole of the earth.

> Several carbon-14 dates to be obtained this year will give a more precise date to the site, which appears to have spanned the period from around 7.00-6.500 BC to 5.800-5700 BC, Dr. Rollefson

> This year's dig is sponsored and funded by Yarmouk University. the National Geographic Society. the Cobb Institute of Archaeology at Mississippi State University and the Wenner-Gren Foundation, in cooperation with the Jordanian Department of Antiquities and under the auspices of the American Centre of Oriental Research in Amman.

# Finance Company issues new CDs.

By Philip Robins

AMMAN - One of Jordan's' titutions has helped pioneer a new banking innovation in this country with its issue of the first Tranche certificates of deposit (CD).

The company, the Amman-based Finance and Credit Company, which only began operations on Jan. 1 of this year, has issued three such CDs, each to the value of JD I million. A onemonth issue period, during which time members of the public -both resident and non-resident -will be able to purchase multiples. of JD 100 part shares in the CD. will end on July 21 on which date the facility will become operative.

The first of the Tranche CDs will mature after six months and is to pay an interest rate of 7% per cent. The maturity date of the second will be April 21 next year and months at 81/2 per cent interest.

The two main attractions to the public of the CD is that the Cen-

tral Bank of Jordan has fixed the Tap CDs which, unlike the more interest rate accruing from it at 14 per cent above correspooding commercial bank time deposits... Also, unlike the ordinary time deposits, the CD is totally liquid and can be sold for the original price without any loss of the interest due at anytime prior to the

maturity date. The Finance and Credit Company has also tried to make the CD more attractive by making its purchase and resale as easy as possible. Orders can be placed over the telephone or by post by filling in the form contained in a series of blanket advertisements appearing in the three Arabic daily newspapers. Flexibility is also a key characteristic in the re-selling of the CDs which, being tra-nsferable, can either be cashed in at any commercial bank or made

over to other individuals. The company has no illusions about the difficulty of attracting will pay at 8 per cent, while the duration of the third will be 12 investors to such a new scheme. investors to such a new scheme. Citibank first introduced the idea of CDs in Amman one year ago. However their plan was to issue

comprehensive Tranche CDs. require the impetus to come from customer demand. As a result, the

an intensive publicity campaign. coverage and advertisements on Jordan Television, as being the best means to both inform the public and win over their confidence to such a scheme. The spokesperson said that even at this early stage in the issue period, the office had received numerous phone calls of inquiry.

# receive stiff sentences

ouncement here Sunday.

It said that Mohammad Naser Jaber Al Afja'. a Saudi national. was sentenced to eight years in jail with bard labour and to pay JD

The four others: Rida Zakariya Hamed, Adel Majdi Mohammad Hassan, Salab Mobammad Hassanein, and Mustafa Fahmi Mohamınad Al Samınan, all Egyptians, have been sentenced to five years in jail with hard labour and to pay JD 3000.

A sixth, Hassan Mohammad Radwan Al Qasem, an Egyptian, will be imprisoned for six months

## Suheimat. Gate confer

conferred with the Australian ambassador to Jordan Richard

They discussed a number of issues connected with transport affairs between Jordan and Aus-

# Irbid woman gives birth to baby No. 11...12,13

IRBID (J.T.) — The number of as being in a very good condition children born to a family from by Dr. Faisal Khreis, a hospital with the birth of triplets, all of whom are males.

A report in Al Ra'i newspaper said that a 35-year-old woman Saturday gave birth after a seven and half month pregnancy. The mother and the three newly boro babies, delivered at Princess Basma Hospital were described

He said that the three only weighed 1,400 grammes, 1,600 gramines and 1,350 grammes, but the children are doing well. This case is very rare and normally occurs once in every 8,000 birth cases. Dr. Khreis added.

The family now has five girls and eight boys, the paper said.

# **NEWS IN BRIEF**

Government land to be fenced

AMMAN (Petra) - Prime Minister Mudar Badran Sunday issued a circular to all government departments and public institutions requesting them to fence off the plots of land allocated to them by the state. These lands have to be cordoned off to secure them against the threat of trespass or encroachment, it said. The circular said that this land in the Zarqa and Ruseifa areas have to be fenced off within two months but that other governorates have four months to comply. The circular was issued following several reported cases of encroachment on state-owned land, especially plots assigned for use by government ministries and other public and official departments at Zarqa and Ruseifa.

### Poultry inoculation set for Irbid

IRBID (Petra) - The agricultural department here has made arrangements to deal with Newcastle disease which has affected poultry in the area. The department's Director Dr. Nureddine Al Shubul said that all the birds are to be inoculated and that the farmers will be given advice on ways of dealing with the disease. A special meeting for poultry farmers will be held Saturday to discuss practical steps for tackling this disease.

Tawjihi exams come to an end

AMMAN (Petra) — Second term examinations for the General Secondary Certificate (Tawjihi) ended in Jordan Sunday. Nearly 60,000 students on both banks of the river, took part in the examinations of whom 14,000 were from the West Bank. The Ministry of Education's Director of Examinations Dr. Ahmad Al Bashaireh said that the results of the examinations are expected to be known by the end of July.

Irbid farmers induction courses prepared

IRBID (Petra) - The agricultural department here has prepared a programme to hold seminars and meetings for farmers in various towns and villages in the Irbid Governorate. The first seminar, due to be held Monday, is designed to orientate the farmers towards modern farming methods, and to instruct them on ways of eliminating insects harmful to their crops.

### Caritas students graduate

IRBID (Petra) — A group of 45 female students, who completed a training course in dressmaking and embroidery, graduated at a ceremony held bere Sunday. The students completed a 12-month course organised and financed by the Caritas Charitable Society.

National Consultative Council Speaker Suleiman Arar Sunday presents graduates from the Int-

ermediate College in Amman with their diplomas

## Arar praises community college role

AMMAN (Petra) - National Consultative Council (NCC) Speaker Suleiman Arar Sunday attended a graduation ceremony beld at the Palace of Culture for the third class of students from the Intermediate College in Amman.

Arar paid tribute to Jordanian community colleges for turning out skilled manpower capable of contributing to the country's economic and social development.

In a speech on the occasion, Mr. board of trustees and one of the students made speeches at the

At the end of the ceremony, Mr. Arar presented diplomas to the The chairman of the college's 1200 male and female graduates.

## Yugoslavian ambassador attends farewell dinner

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Foreign Affairs Marwan Al Qasem Sunday held an Iftardinner for Mr. Dusan Zavasni to Jordan.

Mr. Qasem presented the Yug-Istiklal (Independence) medal of utry to Jordan. the first degree which was awarded by His Majesty King Hussein to express appreciation for his services and efforts in bolstering friendship and cooperation between the two governments.

During the celebrations, Mr. Qasem gave a brief speech in which he praised the strong relations between Jordan and Yugmark the occasion of the end of his oslavia and which started during term as the ambassador of the Soc- the lifetime of the late Yugialist Republic of Yugoslavia in oslavian President Josip Broz Tito. He also thanked Mr. Zavashik for his great cooperation in oslavian ambassador with an Al his role of ambassador of his cou-

> The celebration was artended by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs' secretary-general and a number of the ministry's and Yugoslavian embassy's officials.

# **IDECO** extends village electrification projects

(IDECO) says it has completed expected to cost JD 250,000. the extension of high and low tenin the Mafraq region.

that the villages of Umm Al Jimal. 'Amra, Amireh, Sab' Amir. Sabha and Subhieh, whose inhabitants number 12,000, will be supplied by electricity in the coming month. he said.

IRBID (Petra) — The Irbid District Electricity Company Mohammad Arafeh, the project is

At present, he said, work is sion cables under an ele- underway on finalising technical ctrification project for six villages works for the electrification of the town of Hika at a cost of JD A statement issued Sunday said 65,000. Three other villages: hat the villages of Umm Al Jimal. Thaghrat Al Jib, Qafqafa and Mughir Al Sarhan in the Irbid Governorate will also be supplied with electricity in the near future.

# **Bedouin** exhibition opens in **Britain**

AMMAN (J.T.) - Her Highness Princess Alia opened an exhibition of bedouin life in Jordan in the British town of Kendal, Cumhria in the Lake District.

On display at the exhibition, which will remain open for nearly two months, are examples of bedouin costumes, jewellery and a large goat-skin tent in which the bedouin live.

Visitors to the exhibition who attended the opening ceremony received brochures featuring tourist attractions in Jordan.

The Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities later gave a reception in honour of Princess Alia which was attended by a number of off-

icials and journalists. The exhibition at Kendal is expected to last until August 7 when in will be dismantled, to be remounted at 15 other British towns over a period of two years, a min-

istry spokesman said.



Governor of Irbid Abed Khalaf Daoudieh

# Pollution problem near solution, says Daoudieh

Sunday that all the arrangements. in the northern parts of the city.

IRBID (J.T.) - Irbid Governor! The northern part of Irbid is now Abed Khalaf Daoudieh said here supplied with water through water tanks which work around the have been taken to deal with the clock to carry sufficient water for drinking water pollution problem; the inhabitants, the governor said.

He said that pipes have been Mr. Daoudieh had earlier made purchased and delivered to the an inspection of the northern reg-Mr. Daoudieb had earlier made Water Supply Corporation (WSC) ions of the city which has suffered as a first step towards replacing from water pollution caused by the old and damaged network. the old pipes.

#### ldea did not catch on and was forgotten. A spokesperson for the Finance and Credit Company pointed to

which includes extensive press

If the issue is undersubscribed. there are plans to utilise the Tap CDs, while, in the case of an excess in demand, the company will apply to the Central Bank to increase the number of Tranche CDs. In the event of the innovation proving a success, the company aiready has plans to modify its policy by issuing a floating rate CD which would run for a longer period of

# Drug traffickers

AMMAN (Petra) - Six non-Jordanian nationals have received prison sentences and fine from the military court for hashish trafficking, according to an ann-

# and pay JD 50.

AMMAN (Petra) — Transport Minister Ali Suheimat Sunday

Beard of Directors.

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#### GUEST COMMENTARY

# The noose has tightened

By Tareq Masarweh

Al Ra'i

PERHAPS Yasser Arafat, the leader of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), is more aware than any other Arab leader of the consequences of any confrontation with the Damascus regime. Perhans he is also in a better position to assess the price of any acceptance of Syrian demands from his organisation.

Syria's geo-political positioo constitutes a real tight knot for the relationship of Jordan, Lebanon and Iraq with any Arab action. But for the Palestinians and Mr. Arafat the Syrian position is something of a more serious nature.

By Friday night Damascus had conveyed to the world that its confrontation with the PLO leader was no more than a difference of views that can be settled, but at the same time Abu Musa's Syrianbacked rebel group was busy closing the Bekaa Valley in the face of the Fatch leadership, leaving their opponents cooped up in Tripoli. When Damascus ordered Mr. Arafat to leave the Syrian capital and banned his deputy, Khalil Al Wazir, from entering Syria, that meant that Damascus had arrived at a decisive resolution, yet it had confined its dispute with only two PLO leaders. The other members of the PLO's Executive Committee and key figures of other Palestinian groups, as well as the fighters' camps and their commands, remained intact in Damascus-obviously untouched by Damascus' wrath.

Of course Syria's ability to manoeuvre might not go that far so easily; yet what could the PLO chairman do against this move, especially as the Damascus action followed intensive contacts and tours that started in Moscow and ended in Riyadh only to find Damascus more adamant in its position and clinging hard to its plans? For a whole month, no one did anything to defuse the situation, not the Russians, nor the Algerians, nor the Sandis nor the Romanlans, So what could happen now?

Mr. Arafat's departure from Damascus is unlike bls departures from Baghdad, Cairo. Beirut or Amman. New circumstances have emerged and the noose has tightened. His diplomacy can no longer offer him the key to the doors of all Arab capitals nor a free passage to world capitals. What we need oow is a new method of struggle that can guarantee permanent keys in the hands of the Palestinian revolution, giving it access to all Arab capitals and also to the rest of the world at

We need new methods that can take into account the long bitter experience of the PLO since 1975 and the experience of the first Palestinian revolutioo in 1936. It is uoreasonable to expect Arab regimes and international Interests to change just to suit Mr. Arafat's

We do not want to close all doors in the face of the Palestinian revolution and leave one door-that of peace-opeo. The PLO chairman referred to this point wheo he addressed the meeting of the Palestine National Council (PNC) in Algiers in February, saying: "We rejected the Camp David accords and the result was the invasion of Lebanon. Now, what price do we pay for rejecting the Reagan plan?" No one answered his question at the time nor does anybody have an

The rejection of the Camp David agreements had a price and accepting them had another price. Rejection of the Reagan plan has a price and the acceptance of that plan will also have a price. Many of the Arab leaders can escape paying the price, because they can avoid rejecting or accepting any plan, but Mr. Arafat alone cannot; he is neither a ruler nor a head of state.

It is easy for a writer to condemn or welcome ideas, but Mr. Arafat's expulsion from Damascus is a case of a different nature and requires deeper thinking, analysis and conclusions. It is time that we stopped using such terms as "we decounce" and "we regret," etc., and got down to doing some scientific calculations.

### <u>ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS</u>

### Al Ra'i: Seeds of an outside conspiracy

IN ORDER to understand the present crisis between the PLO and the Syrian regime we have to scrutinise the following statements: George Shultz: I view with deep satisfaction the Syrian role aimed at dominating the PLO.

Arafat: Syria is planning another massacre of the Palestinians. An Israeli source: What is happening now is sheer proof that the invasion of Lebanon has achieved its goals of destroying the PLO; and now Israel can annexe the West Bank at its ease. Another Israeli source: Israel would very much like to see the PLO

under Syrian domination and control. These statements suggest that: 1. The recent events do not stem from interval PLO differences but

were planned by external forces. 2. U.S. satisfaction with the Syrian role is tantamount to admining that the destruction of the PLO serves America's interests in the region. It is worth remembering that the U.S. and Israel are bound by a strategic treaty that coordinates their interests and plans.

3. Arafat's warning of an imminent massacre calls to mind a possibility which arose when Damascus rejected the Israeli-Lebanese agreement on the pullout of foreign troops from Lebanon. This attitude is designed to force the Palestinian fighters to stay in Lebanon so that they become an easy target for Israel, while they remain helpless without any leadership or Syrian support.

### Sawt Al Shaab: Positive action required

THE CURRENT differences between the PLO leadership and the PLO rebels, and the deterioration in relations between the PLO and the Syrian regime come at an extremely dangerous stage in Arab bistory. This stage should witness a real and determined attempt by all Arabs to transcend their differences and unne in the face of both their challeoges and destiny. Israel's invasion of Lebanon had aimed at destroying the Arab's will, but mostly the PLO as a major force confronting the Zionist state and its expansionist designs.

The PLO has managed to maiotain its presence and safeguard its onity despite the disaster. The PLO leadership has also sought to keep the organisation out of intra-Arab differences but not indefinitely so it seems. Certain Arab regimes have been trying to contain the PLO and to make it a tool for their own aims and designs. and this particular move helped to bring the PLO-Syrian confrontation to a head. What the Arab countries must do now is to take positive action to stop any further deterioration in Arab ranks. Arab countries eannot stand idly by and watch the present conflict because future generations will forever curse those who shirked their res-

# lan Times | Arafat faces once-in-a-lifetime dilemma twice

By Paul Davison

BEIRUT - Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat's effective expulsion from Syria followed wbat amounts to an attempted coup by officers of his Fatecb commando

Whether the hid to overthrow bim as Fateh leader and possibly as chairman of the overall Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) will succeed is not sure.

But his forced departure from Syria cuts him off from his fighters in Lebanon and leaves them little choice except to go along with the rebels or stand their ground and

Mr. Arafat blamed Libya for starting the Fateh revolt six weeks ago. Later after hinting of Syrian. collusioo for some time. he publicly accused Damascus of supporting the rebels and using tanks against Mr. Arafat loyalysts io no longer welcome

If his claim of Syrian support for the rebels is true, his men would bave oo hope of bolding out with their outdated weapoos.

They are also faced with a problem of morale since there is no obvious way Mr. Arafat can get back to oorth or east Lebanon, the Palestinians' main front line against Israel.

Unless he goes through Syria or Israel, which seems unlikely, the only way into north Lebanon would be by sea. But Israel's gunboats patrol the Mediterranean in the area and its recoonaissance planes fly overhead. To get through would require a bold and

isky operation. It is not known exactly how the Syrians told the long-time Fatch and Palestinian chief, known throughout the world for his stubbly eheeks and his ehequered hlackand-white headcloth, that he was

Syria's desire that he should not continue coming bere."

Arafat's sudden departure from Damascus, and possibly from the Palestinian military sceoe for the time being, leaves Syria effectively m control of the 8,000-10.000 Palestinian fighters in north and east Lebanon.

Experienced diplomats said everything now depended on Mr. Arafat's moves abroad and those of his Fatch loyalists, mostly in north Lebanon between the town of Tripoli and Baalbek. After they suffered their first

major reverses at the hands of rebels last Tuesday, Mr. Arafat said he had ordered them not to shoot hack because the rebels were hidiog behind Syrian tanks.

Clearly under no illusions about taking on Syrian firepower. Mr. Arafat banked on diplomacy as he done many times in the past and

The official Syrian News Age-ncy said he was "informed of port to Arab and other sympathetic world leaders.

But Syria banished Mr. Arafat before the wheels of diplomacy had a chance to turn.

Geographically, the Syrian move simply puts Mr. Arafat back to where he was two months ago, flitting from place to place far from the battlefield.

Until then, he was unable to visit his men in Lebanon because of a rift with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad which had opened last September.

Now, however, he can no longer claim the support of all the Palestinian fighters he normally The leader of the anti-Arafat

rebeis. Col. Abu Musa. told reporters at a base in eastero Lebanon that the rebels had three demands: The rejection of American and similar peace plans, the elimination of alleged corruption of undisciplined behaviour within in the PLO and a collective leadership in Fateh to replace Mr.

Mr. Arafat's supporters were said to have accepted all but the last of these demands.

Mr. Arafat had played down the revolt within the ranks of his men. Only two days ago, he told foreign correspondents in northern Lebanon: "This so-called motiny is a. tiny thing. Why do you blow it upout of all proportion?"

But he acknowledged the increasing danger to his life, saying: "When I started this revolution, I knew it would be no picnic."

First news of the revolt broke on May 13, when the official Libvan News Agency JANA reported a "major rebellion" in eastern Lebanon's Bekaa Valley.

The first public hint of trouble from Fatch itself came on May 16. when an official statement spoke

Few people took the reports seriously until June 4, when heavy. fighting erupted between Mr. Arafat loyalists and the rebels near the eastern Lebanese town of Baalbek, with at least four killed and dozens wounded.

The gravity of the revolt became clear on June 19 when a sening PLO officer, Ezzedin Sharif, known in the Palestinian commando movement as Abu Ziad, was shot and seriously wounded by rebels when trying to persuade them to give up a Fateb camp they had taken over near Damascus.

Diplomats here believe June 1 was a key date in the movement against Mr. Arafat. That was when Mr. Assad conferred ucexpectedly in Libya with Col. Muammar Oadhafi, who had waged a vituperative war of words with the commando chief.

# Moscow revises battle tactics for Europe

By Christopher Hanson

WASHINGTON — NATO must revise its ideas on how to counter a Soviet attack on Europe in view of new flexible battle tactics being adopted by Moscow. Pentagon officials say.

Until recently. U.S. army planners thought a Soviet thrust against Western Europe would iovolve massive frontal attacks in which a first echelon of troops and tanks would be followed methodically and predictably by second and third waves.

But now, an army armoured war specialist told Reuters, the Peniagoo expects any Soviet attack to be more flexible. less pre-

dictable, and harder to stop. The new Pentagon view is based on analysis of Soviet training exercises and recent Soviet military

literature.

The prevailing view used to be that the Soviets took a rigid. stylised. unimaginative approach... but (today) they are as imaginative as we are.

lostead of bludgeoning N-ATO's forward defence wall. Soviet forces are likely to probe more subtly for weak points and theo pour in reserves in order to score a breakthrough, he said.

Soviet force, the operational manoeuvre group, striking behind NATO lines to destroy communications and nuclear missile instillations before either side had used nuclear weapons.

NATO defence strategy is curborder as possible.

One army officer told Reuters: has been a compelling strategy
The prevailing view used to be politically. The idea of yielding territory even temporarily for strategic reasoos is highly uopopular io Wesi Germany. Pentagoo officials ooted.

But several Peotagoo sources, taking issue with the official line. told Reuters the oew, flexible Soviet strategy would make it easier to crush NATO's forward defeoce.

Echoing coogressional critics Moscow's new strategy would be augmented by a highly mobile orado Democrat, these sources said forward defeoce amounts to a "oew Maginot line." a refereoce to the French fortifications system overwhelmed by a German hli-

tzkreig attack in May, 1940. According to these sources. forward defence spreads Western reotly based on the doctrine of convectional defence forces far Forward Defeoce". designed to too thinly, increasing the danger stop Soviet forces as elose to the of a major Soviet breakthrough and of recourse by NATO to ouc-Forward Defence, strongly lear weapons, risking escalation backed by the U.S. government, into an all-out nuclear war.

The less predictable nature of the oew Kremlin strategy makes the danger of a breakthough even greater, they said.

Critics of Forward Defence maintain that the only way to couoter a large portion of NATO's forces in reserve to surround and destroy the invaders.

The U.S. and West German armies favour such a defeoce. based oo manoeuvre, but political considerations bave prevented it from being implemented alliaoce-wide. officials said.

A new U.S. army doctrine called Air-Land Battle, based oo reserves, counterattack and manoeuvre, has replaced an older defence strategy based on attrition.

But this approach would be employed only in U.S. and possibly West German sectors of the front, the officials said, adding that British forces in Europe place less emphasis on manoeuvre and more on attrition.

As a result, the officials said, NATO's defence strategy would Soviet "follow-oo forces" with available might be insufficient to ventional weapons. avert the oeed to use tactical nuclear weapons as called for under strategy would make those the NATO doctrine of "Plexible follow-on forces barder to locate.

reserve forces in being used for a into combat roles.

Pentagon programme to attack lack cohesion and the reserves costly, precision-guided con-

Since the new, flexible Soviet Response". the money might be better speot Some army planners have said on reserves, according to yhese they are concerned that money officials, some of whom say more which might otherwise be ear- U.S. reserve units also could be marked for new tanks and larger created by shifting support troops

# **LETTERS**

### Do we have a choice?

To the Editor

In reply to Mrs. Marina Rashid's letter to the Editor (June, 20). No one is questioning the costs of the benefits that a good education can bring when it is something near to the acceptable.

Is it fair to the parents to know (most of them through Miss. Habib's coroer) that tuitioo costs were raised, and that they had to add over JD600 on their budget according to a last minute decision of the school administration?

Don't they have the right to know in advance, so that they can bave a choice, because as we know no other school will accept students now, as seats in schools are difficult to find, and parents are compelled either to pay the amount requested by that particular school or to keep their children at home?

What is the explanation for the high pree? And is the price of uniforms (very high in that school) the price of a high educational

No one questions the educational qualities of the school in question, and of course each parent wants to offer the best to his son or daughter. But what bappens when you have two of them?

The tuitions mentioned coocern children that are still six or seven year of age, we are not talking of degree levels at Harvard but just an ABC starting.

> Rebecca Seleme P.O. Box 454

# Election of president shows China's drive for stability

By Eric Hall

Reuter

PEKING - China has once more elected a head of state, so capping the efforts of elder statesmao Deng Xiaoping to restore interoal stability to his country after the ravages of the Cultural Rev-

lo the five years since Mr. Deng reme leftism in the army. settled into the driving seat. he and his proteges have applied their pragmatic policies to the government, the economy, the army, social and educational fields

and the Communist Party itself. Their aim has been to reestablish a sense of cootinuity in political and social life as a hase for the development that was destroyed in the ten years of anarchy and leftist extremism sparked by

Mao Tse-Tung in 1966.

As China's National Assembly voted Li Xiannian the first president in 15 years. Deog afforded himself a broad smile - which was shown on the front page of every national newspaper. Undoubtedly, problems rem-

ain. Diplomatie analysts point to the still untackled problem of ext-But Deng's men hold the rems

of power in all important posts. Their style is moderate. forwardlooking and urbane. in the party, dynamic General Secretary Hu Yaohang holds sway and as expected, the NPC

confirmed Premier Zhao Ziyang in his role as an administrator known for his high competence. It elected Deng himself to the chairmanship of a Central Military

Commission, a new state body mirroring the powerful party mil-caution, there was an almost aud-. mirroring the powerful party military commission, which Deng also controls.

One diplomat noted that prominent conservatives, such as Geng Biao and Wei Guoging, had been "kicked upstairs" as two of the 20 vice-chairmen of the largely powerless NPC.

The assembly also voted Moogolian minority leader Ulanhu as vice-president after the death of the original candidate, Liao Cheogzhi. Peoghzhen, wbo supervised the draft of China's new constitutioo guaranteeing greater individual rights, became chairman of the NPC standing committee, prohably the most influential NPC post.

The tone of the official press was one of political unity and sta-

ible sigh of relief from delegates polled by the New China News

Agency (NCNA). President Li himself, who unlike Deog and most of his associates was never purged during the Cultural Revolution, is not a close colleague of Deog but is seen as acceptable to both the new reformists and the conservative old

Western analysts noted that Deng's reluctance to relinquish his hold on the military marked the army out as one of the last serious. possible bastions of opposition to his programmes.

Many high-ranking officers are said to resent his wholesale scrapping of Mao's left-wing phi-

But the top army leadership, whether through opportunism or genuine regard for Deng's achievements, seems to have been brought into line. Yang Dezhi, ·chief of the general staff, said the elections embodied the spirit to

reform.

Deng's ability to use personal power to winkle out army leftists is another reason he bas kept control and not handed it to someone like his hard-working hut less authoritative deputy on the party commission, Yang Shangkun, dip-

But recent reports say the armed forces are commissioning younger, more skilled men - a sure sign of Deng's keystone policy of replacing ageing cadres with young, active officials.

Despite worries over the misuse of capital construction funds, the economy is also on target. The NPC ratified the final draft of the sixth five-year plan (1980-85). and Zhao said a target of four per cent a year average growth could

be exceeded. Western economists are unanimous in ascribing China's recent economic successes to Deng's more liberal policies offering decentralisation and iodividual profit

incentives. One cloud on the horizon is that in many ways China is only catching up on its development after a decade of retrogression. When the country finally reaches the point where this lost capacity has . been fully regained, then new problems may arise demanding new polices not yet formulated.

# NATO's latest exercise aims to protect Atlantic routes

By Ethan Bronner

ABOARD THE USS JOHN F. KENNEDY - On the bridge of this 18-storey aircraft carrier, sailors scoured the seas and skies for "enemy" vessels.

NATO, alarmed by what it sees 10 days testing its ability to defend vital Atlantic supply lanes between the United States and Eur-

This is one of four carriers which along with 85 other ships and submarines and some aircraft from 10 member nations took part in the alliance's biggest-ever antisubmarine exercise, which ended last Friday.

Here in the East Atlantic. NATO divided its forces between the orange, or aggressor, forces about e and the blue, the defeoders of the studies. sea in the exercise dubbed Ocean Safari 1983.

Catapulted like stones from the. asported by sea," Arnold-Shrubb runway, S-3 anh-submarine aircraft toured the vast waters for "orange" submarines by dropping sonobuoys, which send sonar signals, and then symbolically torpedoed anything suspicious.

Naval officials say the West has as releatless Soviet construction of fallen pitifully behind in its ability killer submarines, has just spent' to protect its Atlantic lifelioe and that it must find oew means, using less equipment, to carryout the "We have only 50 per cent of

the ships needed to protect supply ships oo the Atlantic properly. British Commander Roger Arnold-Shrubb told journalists iovited to watch the manoeuvres. While 30 years ago the West had about twice the number of warships beld by the Soviet

about equal, according to NATO "All the West's industrial products. especially oil. are tra-

Uoioo, today the oumbers are

said. "The Russians doo't need the sea bridge between Europe and the United States." In that sense, he said, it was not

significant to compare numbers of ships, but it was vital to understand how the Soviet Union could cut the West off from itself at a crucial moment, just as the Germans did in World War II. Sir Winstoo Churchill described

the battle of the Atlantic as "the dominatiog factor all through the "Never for one moment," he

wrote. "could we forget that evetything happening elsewhere. oo land, at sea, or in the air, depended ultimately oo its outcome .. 'It was a war of groping and drowning, of ambuscade and stratagem, of science and seamanship."

The allies came close to losing that battle and the Germans bad

Shrubb said. "The Soviet now have about 375, of which 180 are nuclear-powered." NATO is therefore seeking new

ways to protect its sealanes using less, but more sophisticated, equioment One method tested to this exe-

reise was the "Defended Lane", whereby supply ships are not followed by huge convoys of warships as in the past but speed through an area of the sea that bas previously seeo cleared of danger. This requires ships to tow a sonar system like a string, listening

for submarines and mines, with specially-equipped planes doing the same from the air. Besides the S-3, the exercise used British Sea-King helicopters which trailed magnetic anomaly

res) above the surface of the water.

detectors some 200 feet (65 met-

dropped decoys in an attempt to confuse enemy communications while F-14 Tomcats accompanied the searchers, ready to bomb. Minesweepers combed key.

ports to stop orange mines from damaging supply vessels. NATO officials say the Soviet Union has the world's largest mine supply and most accurate mines.

U.S. Vice-Admiral Jame Lyons, NATO's Atlantic striking fleet commander, said evaluation of the exercise, especially the Defended Lane concept, would take months of analysis.

But one of the best outcomes, he said, had been the close cooperation of the French fleet, which is not integrated into NATO's military command. The French provided their aircraft carrier Foch and a significant portion of the air. defence.

only 52 submarines." Arnold- electronic jamming signals and not totally unwelcome observers: there eight times.

Two Soviet Bears, long-range reconnaissance aircraft, were spotted some 36 nautical miles from the exercise area northeast of the. Azores and escorted away, giving pilots some free "real-life" practice

Kresta class missile cruiser submarines and the oewest Soviet aircraft carrier, the Novorossisk. were also sighted. The United States and the Sov-

iet Uoion signed an "Incidents at Sea "Pact in 1972, defining conditions of mutual observation. U.S. Navy Secretary John Leh. man said recently it was working well despite a few incidents by over-zealous commanders on both sides.

He said that last year the U.S. government called in the Soviet oavai attache in Washington seven times to discuss meidents, while As to all such exercises, the the U.S. attache in Moscow was

EA-6B Prowler aircraft sent Soviet Union sent uninvited but called in to the Foreign Ministry

# Lighthouses threatened by vandals and the sea

By Kenneth C. Danforth

WASHINGTON - Some fine' clear night, turn off all the lights in the United States except those in: the Coast Guard's aids to navigation. There would be a sight: A sinuous necklace of sparkling diamonds 47,000 miles long.

Look closer, if you have the time. (The inspection could take the rest of your life.) Of thousands of beacons along our shores, most are on buoys and small stationary towers. Only some 250 are "classical lighthouse structures."

The figure is not official, for there are different ways to define a lighthouse. Coast Guard Master Chief David L. Cipra suggests, "A lighthouse is something that, when people see one, they say. That's a lighthouse! "

Mr. Cipra's definition works. It acknowledges the common pur-pose of all lighthouses, but is elastic enough to include 250 strikingly different buildings, each with a unique, often eccentric personality.

Automation comes aboard

Throughout most of our bistory. all of our lighthouses were manned. The romance of the ligbthouse revolves largely around the lonely, dedicated, and valorous keeper of the light. Even today. people dream of exchanging the frenzy of modern life for the quiet sense of purpose they feel they would have manning an isolated beacon.

The sobering fact is that today only 43 of the nation's lighthouses are manned. And the dumber could be smaller by next week. These last lighthouses," says Mr. Cipra, "are monuments to the seafaring beritage of our nation, which is also dwindling."

As mariners see it, the only purpose of a lighthouse is to warn them away from hazards and to reassure them that they are on a safe course. Thus, the Coast Guard has embraced every technological advance that has come along. Automated lights are dep-endable and relatively cheap, and anstere skeletal towers can sup-

port lights for a fraction of the cost and maintenance of a graceful masonry or wooden lighthouse.

The old classical lighthouse structures are the victims of this technology," says Coast Guard Historian Robert Schema.

among those romantic realists who love lighthouses and their noble traditions, but who know enough of the awesome power to finest are doomed. Hundreds have fallen. The toppled majesty makes briefly a huge pile in the surf, then of the ocean.

Preservationists say funds must be raised, forces mustered to save the endangered lighthouses. Cape: stage. Anything that builds up Hatteras Lighthouse, the world's tallest, is a prime example of the struggle between seniment and geology.

Dynamic erosion

When Cape Hatteras light was completed in 1870, it stood about 2.000 feet from the treacherous Cape Hatteras Light would be sur-

Atlantic lanes that had wrecked so rounded by water, presumably many ships. Now high tides bite greedily at a dike only 90 feet away. Nor easters drive might waves up against the lighthouse itself.

Every scheme that scientists Mr. Scheina and Mr. Cipra are have devised has failed to stop the cons-old cycles of building and destruction of the Outer Banks, the sandy islands along the coast. Massive installations of plastic the sea to realize that some of the seaweed in 1981 and 1982 at first seemed to accumulate sand. Then winter storms took it away.

"I bave to be non-committal becomes part of the myriad grain about the results," admits Mr. Tom Hartman, superintendent of Cape Hatteras National Seashore. We are currently in an evaluation sand, we'll give it a chance. Our preferred alternative, though, is a full reverment.

That would mean the construction of an enormous steet wall around the lighthouse. The ocean would march onward, around the revetment, and someday

That is not a safe presumption. according to Dr. Orrin Pilkey Jr. a marine geologist at Duke University. "The idea of a revetment is better than the artificial seaweed," be says, "but even a revetment won't save the lighthouse in the long run. Eventually, it will be taken down by a storm. The only way to permanently save Hatteras Light is to move it, but people don't want to admit they've been defeated by nature."

An ignoble enemy

Nature's threats to lighthouses may be dramatic, even mexorable. but they are few compared to threats from humanity. As the Coast Guard turns to automation, and keepers no longer live at their lights, neglect and vandalism take a greater toll than storms. Drifters and squatters move in. Soon the Coast Guard tears down the light station rather than let it be desecrated.

Such a death seems far crueler

than destruction by the sea, a worthy adversary of the great lights.

"I think a lighthouse that the waves are trying to take is like an old and very tired sailor." says one lover of lighthouses. "He's been fighting storms for many long years. And now he is ready to be buried at sea. As we say to the sailor, perhaps we should say to the battered old lighthouse. Go in

But for those lighthouses threatened only by decay and misuse. there's a rising tide of practical zeal that amounts to a "Save the lighthouses" movement. On the West Coast, people are turning ahandoned lighthouse stations into hostels and bedand-breakfast retreats. Lighthouse hungalows at Point Montara and Pigeon Point in California are only two of a growing number of sites where renovation and sensitive use have proved good alternatives to demolition.

Organisations seeking to save lighthouses and their outbuildings for other uses include the National

American Youth Hotels, the Lighthouse Society of America. Bed and Breakfast Inns of North America, the Massachusetts Historical Commission, numerous local groups, and the National Park Ser-

Trust for Historic Preservation.

vice, which already owns 58 lighthouses and "interprets" many others that the Coast Guard is still operating. Among the latter is the 1764 light at Sandy Hook, N.J.; it is the

from Colonial times. The Coast Guard itself is licensing our stations to non-profit organisations. For example, the lighthouse station at East Brotber Island, near San Francisco, is now

hthouse, the only one surviving

a hed-and-breakfasi inn. The Park Service "RFP's" (requests for proposals) whenever the staff believes an unused lighthouse could be used - and saved -- by either private or public organisations. Right now there is an RFP for the lighthouse at Fire Island, N.Y.

Moving history

St. Michaels, Md., wanted Hooper Strait Lighthouse, 60 miles down Chesapeake Bay, for the town's Maritime Museum. It got it. Workmen sawed the marvelous old white wooden lighthouse in half, horizontally, and barged the pieces up the Bay to St. Michaels. Now thousands of visitors bave easy access to the interior of a lighthouse with 105 nation's oldest standing lig-

years of history behind it.

The communion they feel with their history, with the best of the buman spirit that endures, even it. automated lighthouses, has already been expressed for them. As the U.S. Lighthouse Board stated in 1868:

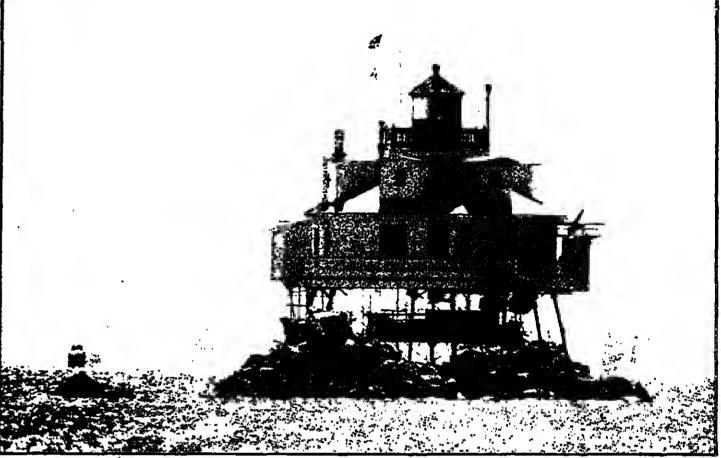
Nothing indicates the liberality, prosperity or intelligence of a nation more clearly than the facilities which it affords for the safe approach of the mariner to its

National Geographic News Service -



Coast Guardsman Michael Ashley, one of two keepers always on duty at Thomas Point Shoal Light in Chesapeake Bay, polishes the light's Fresnel lens. Developed by Frenchman Augustin Fresnel in 1822, the

lens magnifies light and bends it so that it goes out in a narrow sheet. Ashley boats out to the lonely station for 16-days tours of duty. (Photo/National Georgraphic Society).



Thomas Point Light straddles its tiny island of rocks like a spider, guiding ships up and down Chesapeake Bay. It is a classic screw-pile lighthouse, so called because its steel legs are screwed into the earth to

provide stability against the great bay's storms. Another Chesapeake screw-pile lighthouse, at St. Michael, Vid., is open to the public . (Photo/National Geographic Society).

# IA uses auverusements

By Robert Basler Reuter

NEW YORK - Young men and women interested in becoming spies should see James Fitzgerald.

But first they bave to find him. Mr. Fitzgerald is a recruiter of new talent for the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) and these days even the CLA recognises the need to advertise for new blood. But that is not say Mr. Fitzgerald exactly runs a booth on

"There are a lot of cuckoo birds out there," Mr. Fitzgerald told Reuters in an interview, exp-

Times Square.

laining wby a candidate's meeting with him requires a letter to a post office box, then a search, if invited, for his unmarked office at an unlisted address somewhere in

New York City. Mr. Fitzgerald does not publicise his address but be does adv-

that challenge your every talent ... stimulate innovation ... emphasise initiative and stress selfdiscipline." promised one recent advertisement in the New York Times running under the agency's official seal.

"Assignments in foreign lands

The wording is enticing but cir-

Students recruited

Mr. Fitzgerald. a cheerful, avuncular man who has been recruiting for 16 years, finds many of his prospective employees in visits to college campuses, where he is certain of attracting interested students as well as a protester or

But in recent years he and his

cumspect, going on to say that the fellow recruiters have also been CIA wants people who "can think using newspaper ads prepared by on their feet and can solve pro- a Park Avenue Agency and by another firm near the CIA's Vir-

ginia headquarters. Mr. Fitzgerald at times laments the oblique approach the ads must take. "Naturally we can't put 'the ClA is looking for spies and agents in the newspapers," he said. but added that if he could be that blunt, "at least everybody would

about." But Richard Duter, the ClA's deputy chief of recruhment, bridles at the word "spy", preferring

"overseas intelligence officer" to

know what we were talking

describe the job.

"We're a very conservative agency." said Mr. Duter. who is based in Virginia. "We want the ads to have some dignity."

In addition to intelligence jobs. the recruiters are out to fill a variety of other complex technical. analytical and administrative pos-

Rare skills sought

The quest is not an easy one. Recruiters seek men and

women with rare skills - familiarity with sophisticated equipment, proficiency in East European and oriental languages. people who can also qualify for top security clearance, and who.

Applicants must be not only smart with a clean background but about what they'll be doing." patient. Those who pass every hurdle must still wait up to nine months to actually be hired.

according to the ads. will settle for

a training salary of about \$27,000,

Details of the response to the ads is secret as is data about the number of CIA employees and a good deal of other information about the agency.

when Mr. Fitzgerald began his job in the 1960s when, he recalled. we were less than candid." "Recruiters a long time ago. were very circumspect about what

Yet things are considerably

more open today than they were

they told applicants." he said. "We're much more open now Today's CIA recruiters are armed with glossy pamphlets

about the agency, tracing the history of intelligence back through Britain's Queen Elizabeth 1, ancient China and the Old Testament.

Also included is a lengthy list of recommended books about the agency including several at various times had tried to suppress or censor.

Mr. Fitzgerald says that today he is able to give candid answers to most questions that applicants ask

And if a prospective intelligence officer asks whether he might be called upon to help the overthrow of a foreign gov-

ernment? "I explain to them that we're not in that kind of business." Mr. Fitzgerald said. "People get that opinion from newspapers and things. I tell them no. you don't

have to worry about doing that."



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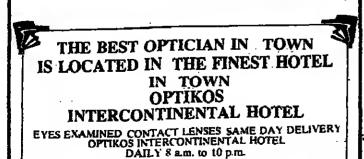
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# SPORTS

# Dev puts India on top of the world

LONDON (R) - India's stunning World Cup triumph under the telling influence of captain Kapil Dev gave the team once considered to be something of a joke in one-day cricket the last laugh.

India, who landed the trophy when they toppled holders West Indies by 43 runs in Saturday's final here at Lord's. put their previous lamentable efforts firmly behind them as they rose from outsiders to world-beaters in 17 compelling days.

The Indians emerged from the first two tournaments with only one win - they beat minor side East Africa in 1975 - but first hinted they were coming to terms with the limited overs game by beating West Indies in a one-day match on their recent Caribbean

India underlined their improvement when they inflicted the first-ever cup defeat on West Indies in the opening group match. and went from strength to strength with crucials wins over Australia and England and among the successes on the way to Lord's.

Mouton extends

ROTORUA. New Zealand (R) -

Mouton's nearest challengers in

Champion Walter Rohrl of West

Germany in a Lancia and Finn

Sweden's Stig Blomqvist, who

was second Saturday in another

Audi, was forced out of the event

Sunday morning after a prolest by

Blomqvist competed pending

an earlier appeal against his late

entry, but officials ruled Sunday

he could not drive while under

"It has taken seven days for

someone to decide," the Swede

said later. "It is a long way to come

Italians Attillion Bettega and Maurizio Perissinot in the second

works Lancia avoided injury Sun-

day when their car hit two cows on

One cow was thrown over the

car and the other jammed und-

to free the car to continue and are

Finn Hannu Mikkola, who trails

Rohrl in the World Championship

by two points, made spectacular

Uncini condition

GRONGINEN, Netherlands (R)

- The condition of world 500cc

motorcycle champion Franco Uncini. who was seriously hurt in

the Dutch Motorcycle Grand Prix

Saturday, is improving, doctors

quoted by the Dutch news agency

The 28-year-old Italian was hit

by another rider after be fell from

his Suzuki on the second lap of the

500cc event and was taken unc-

in a coma but should regain con-

The doctors said Uncini was still

They said internal bleeding had

stopped and there no longer see-

med to be any danger of lung

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improving

ANAP said Sunday.

onscious to hospital.

sciousness soon.

damage.

to sit and wait."

a country stage.

progress.

the Lancia team was upheld.

Timo Salonen in a Datsun.

rally lead

Motor Rally Sunday.

Kapil Dev was at the heart of the resurgence both as an allrounder and leader, and beaten West Indies skipper Clive Lloyd praised the part his opposite num-

ber had played. Lloyd said: "Kapil has done a marvellous job. He came here with hasically an ordinary team who were given no chance. But he has got them to rally round and become a very good one-day side. They deserve their success."

Kapil Dev. who took over the captaincy from Sunil Gavaskar for the tnur of West Indies, did a good job in the cup by giving his side a greater ractical awareness and inspiring them by example.

The influence of the skipper's own performance was perfectly demonstrated in the group game with Zimbabwe, who reduced India to 17 for five before Kapil Dev lashed a cup record 175 not out to lead the side from crisis to

His players' response included match-winning innings by middle order hatsmen Yashpal Sharma and Sandeep Patil in the semifinal victory over England.

In addition, medium pacers Sharma, Madan Lal and Roger. Binny. India's most successful cup bowler with 18 wickets, repeatedly produced vital spells and were heroes of the win over Australia which clinched a place in the

Kapil said he was proud his men became a team of fighters, and acknowledged the on-field advice of Gavaskar and fellow senior player Syed Kirmani.

India's achievement, which brought them not only the £20,000 (\$30,800) first prize but a £16.000 (\$24.640) bonus from their cricket board, could scarcely have been more timely.

The Indians were trounced by Pakistan in a test series at the beginning of the year and then went to the Caribbean and lost the rubber to West Indies.

Lloyd's team, who won the inaugural 1975 competition and retained the cup four years later. are left to reflect on the chance of a trophy hat-trick squandered.

West Indies, needing 184 on a good halting pitch, crumbled for 140 with what Lloyd described as an amateurish performance. "It was ludicrous we couldn't make such a target. Some of our hatsmen seemed in think they could get it over by tea," he said.

Even Viv Richards, who seems always to reserve some of his most outstanding innings for the big occasions at Lord's, did not escape criticism.

Lloyd said: "Viv went out thinking he was going to do well here as he usually does and although he played some marvellous sbots he tried one too many that didn't

Richards' early departure is often the prelude to a West Indian batting decline, and Saturday's dismissal led to one of their more nizarre collapse.

He produced a cameo when West Indies needed a masterpiece to seal the victory which would have confirmed them as the one-

# Record holders spearhead U.S. world athletics team

Michele Mouton of France in an Audi Quattro stretched her lead INDIANAPOLIS, Indiana (R) to more than three minutes mid-Three world record-holders and way through the second leg of the sprint stars Carl Lewis and Evelyn incident-packed New Zealand Ashford spearhead the U.S. team for the first World Athletics Championships in Helsinki from Augthe four-day event were World

ust 7 to 14.

The team, based on performances in the U.S. National Championships in Indianapolis last weekend, features Ed Moses. the world's outstanding 400 metres hurdler, and Tom Petranoff. who set a world javelin record of 99.72 metres in May.

The third world record-holder is Mary Decker, who has run the fastest women's 5.000 metres of

therweight championship.

Laporte, making his second

defence of the 126-pound (57.2

kg) crown, convinced two of the

three judges he deserved the dec-

ision with a furious 10th-round performance, followed by good showing in the 12th and final

De la Rosa, unbeaten in 21 pre-

vious bouts against unheralded

opponents and rated ninth in the

world, thought he won the fight'

and his cornermen charged that he

Promoter Don King and his son.

Carl who is de la Rosa's co-

manager, spoke of filing an official protest with the local boxing

Laporte, who earned an est-imated \$115,000 from the fight.

unleashed a rousing attack against

the tiring de la Rosa, who col-

lected \$15,000 midway through

He battered the challenger

along the ropes for the remainder

of the round, but was unable to

finish off the weary-armed Dom-

In sharp contrast to the 11th.

commission.

the 10th.

Laporte retains WBC title

SAN JUAN (R) - Juan Laporte when hardly a blow was exc-

of Puerto Rico defeated Johnny hanged, Laporte and de la Rosa.

de la Rosa of the Dominican Rep- who at five feet, nine inches, had a

ublic in a controversial split points four-inch height advantage, tra-

decision Saturday night to retain · ded wave after wave of punches in

U.S. record of eight minutes 29.71

But the main focus of attention first athlete for nearly a century to win three U.S. national titles in Indianapolis.

Lewis, who is on the verge of world records for 100 metres, 200 metres and the long jump, said he would compete in at least two events and possibly four in Helsinki.

"The 100 metres and the long jump are definite. The 4 x 100 metres relay is 99 per cent and the 200 metres is 50-50," he said.

Ashford, another sprinter capall time. But in Helsinki she will able of snatching the 100 metres compete only in the 3,000 metres. world record, scored a 100/200

the 12th round. Laporte's were

more telling.
Judges John Coyle and Harry

Gibbs of Britain had Laporte ahead on their cards by 116-111

Judge James Jen Kin of the Uni-

ted States voted 116-113 for de la

Rosa, who was penalised a point in

the ninth round by American ref-

eree Arthur Mercante for hitting

Laporte, who was a 3-1 fav-

The Puerto Rican captured the

Salvador Sanchez of Mexico by

stopping Colombian Mario Mir-

anda last September in New York.

He scored a decision over Reuben

Castillo last February in his first

ourite, has now won 24 fights and

and 115-114 respectively.

below the belt.

lost three.

an event for which she holds the metres double in Indianapolis and will be the outstanding performer in the U.S. women's line-up.

Lewis, 21, the 1982 U.S. athlete will be on Lewis. who became the of the year, had a remarkable weekend in Indianapolis, winning the 100 metres in 10,27 seconds going within 0.03 seconds of the 200 metres world record by clocking 19.75 seconds and long jumping 8.79 metres, the second best mark ever.

Other key figures in the men's team are Steve Scott (1.500 met-res). Henry Marsh (3,000metres steeplechase). Alberto Salazar (10.000 metres). Marco Evoniuk (20km walk), Dwight Stones (high jump). Willie Banks (triple jump). Dave Laut (shot). Ben Plucknett (discus) and Dave McKenzie hammer).

In the national championships Scott, who has a personal best of three minutes 31.96 seconds. edged out Tom Byers and South African-born Sydney Maree, the other 1,500 metres entries in Hel-

Salazar, the world's fastest marathon runner, failed to qualify for lined to enter the Boston Marathon qualifying race.

The U.S. will also be without the world's top woman marathon runner, Joan Benoit. She did not run in the qualifying event earlier this month and failed to finish among the top three in the Indianapolis 3.000 metres won by Decker.

The U.S. will have remarkable strength in depth in the men's discus. Plucknett, who has thrown over 70.10 metres three times this season, will be backed by two other former world recordtitle left vacant by the death of bolders in Mac Wilkins and John

Powell. The U.S. are also set fair to take the pole vault through Billy Olson. the world indoor record-holder who was the top vaulter in the

# world last year.

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# Shooting club trains for Olympics

By Salameh Nehmat Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Thursday and Friday looked like a hattlefield at the tracks of the Royal Jordanian Shooting Club. in Juwaideh for the club was holding a shooting contest between the Jordanian team and a visiting Lebanese team-as a part of the club's preparations for the 1984 Los Angeles Olympics.

The contest was held in a very friendly atmosphere, and was under the patronage of Minister of Culture and Youth Ma'an Ahu Nowar. Results were showing a slight edge of the visiting team over the Jordanian team.

The Lebanese team scored the total of 189 points in skete shooting, against 176 points for the Jordanians, and the total of 247 points in trap shooting, against 257 points.

The shooting cluh was established in 1974 on the directions of His Majesty King Hussein and His Highness Prince Mohammad, who is currently the club's president. It is supported financially by the government-for "it is an expensive sport." Mr. Ali Salem. director of the club said.

The club covers an area of 350 dunums with offices, conference rooms and a cafeteria for the 150 club members, "We import our sports equipment-shooting guns. ammunition and the plates, which are also called 'clay pigeons'. from Belgium. France and Italy and we provide them to all members at cost price in order to encourage people to join the club." Mr. Salem said.

"The main aim of this club is to develop our team into an international class one, in order to be able to represent Jordan in world events, and come out with hopefully good results." said Mr. Mustafa Zaved, who is in charge of the club's publicity and advertising.

trainer--Mr. Alexander Ser- are two kinds of shooting known gevich, six months ago," he said. internationally, by the Olympic

overcame his painful neck injury and claimed the £13,000

(\$20.000) first prize in the Gla-

sgow Golf Classic at Hages Castle

Langer, who almost quit the

European tour tournament before

hitting a ball, carded a final round

of 72 for a one-stroke triumph

over Argentine Vicente Fernandez who closed with a 70.

Britons Nick Faldo and Ken

The West German attributed

Brown finished four strokes fur-

ther back on 279 after rounds of

71 and 73 respectively.

Sunday.

**Injured Langer clinches** 

Glasgow Golf Classic

GLASGOW. Scotland (R) - his success to a stunning recovery

West German Bernhard Langer shot at the 15th hole. He was faced

ond shot.



National Jordanian shooting team

'And we have noticed a vast improvement in our team's performance since then."

Mr. Zayed said that the cluh's plans extending invitations to teams such as the Lebanese team who were here last week, and also an Egyptian team, hoping this will help the Jordanian team improve and be ready for international competitions.

"It's a costly but very interesting and exciting sport," says Nacl Shalhoub, a 33-year-old professor of arcbitecture at the University of Jordan, who joined the club last year. "We are rated good among other international teams and we have also participated in the 1982 Moscow Games with satisfying results." Nabeel Odeh, another club

"Working in that direction, our member, offers some advice to management invited a Soviet enthusiastic beginners: "There

with a narrow gap between two

trees and a 120 yards (metres)

carry over a hunker to the green

-- hit by Fernandez with his sec-

Langer calmly took an eight iron and struck the heart of the

challenge from Fernandez and cli-

nched victory by sinking a testing putt at the last hole. "That putt

seemed to get longer and longer the more I looked at it." said the

relieved 25-year-old from Mun-

He continued to hold off a fierce

target for a solid par four.

standards. 'Trap,' and 'skete.' Trap shooting, is firing at a plate.

that is ejected at a speed of 60 metres per second from a machine, hidden underground five metres in front of the player. The plate can be ejected in 95 directions according to the computerised machine, which is set cording to Olympic standards.

The player shooting this plate has as much as half a second to hit the target-a fraction of a second's. delay makes all the difference, Mr. Odeh stressed, "You bave to develop a quick and accurate response; a kind of automatic ref-

Skete shooting is to shoot at plates ejected from two towers on each side of the track. The difference here is that, the plate in each tower is ejected in one direction at one speed, and the player must shoot both plates successively. This requires precise

ticipated in a professional contest in San Francisco, and I was placed second among 12 American competitors."

In both trap and skete, the plate.

is the same size-10 centimetres in

diameter and one centimetre

thick made from very fragile

material -- a mixture of clay and

who has been with the club since

its inception, says: "I'm very

happy with what the club has ach-

ieved. There is a vast imp-

rovement in our team, because of

successful management and hard

ned the club last year. He is the

winner of last year's knockoui.

U.S., and I can say we have

hetter-equipped tracks than

they." he added. "I have par-

Eisar Alihiari, 23 years old, joi-

'I've visited many tracks in the

work by all members.'

Khairy Amer, a young engineer

"Our goal is the Los Angeles Olympics in 1984, and we are working hard to achieve our goal," he said.

"We are very thankful for the constant care of His Highness Prince Mohammad," Mr. Zayed said in conclusion. "He calls on frequently and shows great concern for the sport; we are also thankful to our management, represented by Mr. Ali Salem, our director--who made it possible to

Mr. Ali Salem... Director of Royal Jordanian Shooting Club.

increase our members from 70 last year to 150 this year, including three women." Individuals willing to join have to be over 18 years old. and able to support themselves in order to meet the expenses of the sport.

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# World airlines start to re-equip

By Michael Donne

LONDON - Over the past few weeks, there has been an encouraging increase in the inflow of new orders for jet airliners to the main manufacturers, giving rise to hopes that the long recession in the airline business may at last he .

During the first quarter of this year, virtually no orders for jets were placed, so that the recent resurgence of buying has come as a welcome sign of renewed airline interest in future re-equipment.

In recent weeks, Boeing, the world's biggest manufacturer of jet airliners; has logged new orders for 29 jets, worth about \$1.5. billion; including the big \$1 billion Singapore Airlines order for four 757 twin-engined short-medium range jets and six 747-300 . "stretched upper deck" long range. Jumbos. Airbus Industrie. Boeing's biggest rival in world markets, also hroke a long spell of "contract famine" by winning a Singapore Airlines' deal for six A-310-200 Airbuses worth over \$640 million.

Other airlines recently buying Boeing jets have included U.S. Air (three 737-200 short-range jets). Thai Airways (one 737-200), and Northwest of the U.S. (three 747-200 Jumbos).

But other manufacturers have been doing well, too. Fokker of Holland has won repeat orders for its F-28 Fellowship short-medium range jet from Indonesia, while Short Brothers of Belfast has won several orders for its Series 330/ 360 twin-turbo-prop commuter/ feeder airliners, including four 360s with an option on two more from Simmons Airlines of Michigan, worth about \$24 million. and for three 360s from Murray Valley Airlines of Victoria, Aus-

British Aerospace has won an order from Mali for one of its four-engined 146 regional jet airliners, together with orders from U.K. and overseas operators for its Jetstream 31 twin-engined commuter airliner and its Series

125 twin-engined executive jet. Apart from the Singapore deal. all these contracts are small, but they all add up to a welcome respite for the manufacturers from a situation that was rapidly beginning to become disastrous. The jet builders need the new orders if they are not to cut back their production rates and be forced to lay off labour later this year or early in 1984.

All of them in the U.S. and Western Europe are working through their current backlogs at a rapid rate, and although they still have work in hand, the possibility of

THE BETTER HALF

been looming larger, and would have become inevitable if the "contract famine" had continued.

Even now, the resurgence of interest by the airlines is still well below what the markers would ideally like to see, and the sales pressure on the world's reluctant airlines is being stepped up in a bid to win new deals.

There are several reasons for the airlines' renewed, albeit still cantious, interest in buying new equipment. One is that many jets were first introduced in the late 1950s and through the 1960s, when noise was less of an environmental, problem that it is

Many aircraft, therefore, are now drawing closer to the new governmental noise reduction rules that are to be introduced in the U.S., U.K. and Western Europe in the mid-1980s, which are more stringent than ever before. and will effectively make many older jets obsolete almost ove-

The airlines would have moved before now to replace those aircraft with more compatible aircraft environmentally, had it oot been for the recession which has lasted longer and bitten more deeply into their finances than many airlines expected, forcing

them to suspend plans to re-equip. Now, they can wait no longer before fleets are overtaken by the new noise rules, and they are being forced to think of buying

Airlines in that position include British Airways, which needs up to about 20 new short-to-medium range jets by late 1985 to replace ageing Trident and One-Eleven aircraft. and Northwest of the U.S., which wants between 20 and 40 short-to-medium range iets to replace many of its large flect of ageing Boeing 727s.

Quite apart from noise rules, the advancing age of many current smaller jets like MeDonnell Douglas DC-9s, Boeing 727s, BAe One-Elevens and Tridents is also becoming a problem. Many of these aircraft were introduced nearly 15 to 20 years ago; and are now becoming expensive to mai-

At the same time, many of them are also becoming increasingly "fuel inefficient" as fuel costs rise, and they will become even more so through the 1980s.

that these three reasons alone noise, increasing age and fuel inefficiency -- will sustain the current resurgence of new jet buying through the rest of this year.

- Financial Times news feature

By Harris

# Ghana seeks foreign help

NEW YORK (R) — Ghanaian years and have got worse you leader Jerry Rawlings has app- know, in terms of the ability of the leader Jerry Rawlings has appcaled for foreign belp to cope with the deteriorating economic sitnation in his country.

"Our doors are open." Flight-Lieutenant Rawlings said in an interview with CBS television to be aired Monday. "Ghana needs

He said he would welcome U.S. or British investment in Ghana's gold production but added that any aid should not tie his West African country to any specific economic philosophy.

"I must admit that things have been very tough over the last 15 existent.

needs," he said.

"All we have is cocoa - all we have is gold." Fit. Lt. Rawlings said. "That which we produce we do not even dictate the price - you (the United States) do."

CBS ened figures showing that production of Ghana's chief export items had dropped sharply over the years. With cocoa now representing only 30 per cent instead of 75 per cent of world supply, and gold production, once 10 per cent. now virtually non-

When asked if Ghana would accept American or British invpeople to afford the ordinary estment in a partnership to inc-

> endship, the assistance of any nation that would respect our right to realise our own ereative potentials," he said. "So long as that aid is not designed to tie us down to any sit-

nation, we would accept it." Fit.-Lt. Rawlings, who ove- the ir ribrew Ghana's civilian gov- ough."

losophy that would subvert this

despite the problems facing his nation he believed the people had rease gold production. Flt. Lt. an appreciation of his gov-Rawlings told CBS: "It's wel-ernment's efforts. He went on: ernment's efforts. He went on: "For a long time the question of "We would appreciate the fri-

ernment 18 months ago, said that

government had remained a mysterious monster, you know, where the ordinary man could not see the head or tail of it but now it's been brought down to their doorstep -they can see their own par-

uation or any economic phi-"In a way this is why I think the people have been very tolerant of the inflation we're going thr-

# E. Germany uses lignite to save oil

By Paul Bolding

NOCHTEN, East Germany -East Germany is encouraging the use of lignite, a brown coal partly blamed for sulphurous "acid rain," because it is the country's only indigenous fuel.

The Communist state, hit by a 10 per cent cut in Soviet oil deliveries and a cash shortage, has placed emphasis on its use in a new oil-saving programme.

Production of lignite, geologically younger than black coal. is being boosted from 266 million tonnes in 1981 to 295 million in 1985 and 300 million in 1990.

Lignite is extracted from large open-cast mines -- the biggest is at Nochten, near the Polish border and burned at a power station or processed to make briquets which are then used in the traditional

ovens still found in many East German homes.

Although it is also converted into coke, tar or town gas, a recent report from the West German Institute for Economic Research said 90 per cent was burned, spewing at least 2.5 million tonnes of damaging sulpbur dioxide a year into

An acrid stench in East Berlin on winter mornings is only one side-effect. The East Berlin government recently announced a programme to save some of its forests, without saying that "acid rain" from sulphur dioxide pollution was killing them.

There were no detailed plans to cut pollution, but among the measures was the planting of more resistant types of trees in "Smokeendangered areas." the Communist Party daily Neues Deutschland said in the only official reference to the problem.

Sulpbur dioxide pollution per

than double that of neighbouring West Germany and hardly any instaliation burning lignite in East Germany has desulphuring equipment the West German ins-

square kilometre (mile) is more

titute said. Western diplomats said several woodland areas of East Germany had suffered damage from acid rain eaused by sulphur dioxide

emission from lignite burning. West Germany bas its own problem with acid rain which is killing large tracts of its forests and diplomats say this is a possible area of future cooperation between the

West Germany has not formally complained to the East Germans as the prevailing wind is eastwards.

countries.

The West German institute said that it believed East Germany planned to bave in place a plant to replace some of its oil con- result.

Lignine meets 60 per cent of East Germany's primary energy needs and 80 per cent of its electricity generating requirements.

"It is increasingly true that some villages, roads and watercourses must give way to the excavators." the East German Chamber of Foreign Trade acknowledged.

One per cent of East Germany's land area is given over to lignite mining and half the 3,000 hectares 17.5(0) acres) taken over each year is useful farmland, the chamber said.

Reclamation schemes have returned 92 per cent of the land no longer needed since 1965 to other uses, it said.

But a Western diplomat who has studied the problem told Reuters East Germany was finding reelamation technology difficult liquefying lignite by 1990 or 1992 and had lost food production as a

# Philippines tightens economic belt

By Graham Lovell Reuter

MANILA - The Philippines has taken a series of belt-tightening

the country's peso last week was five prestige industrial projects ond the projected \$550 million. which were approved by President Ferdinand Marcos in December 1980, but which critics said at the time were unrealistic and was-

56 billion were to have been invested in an industrialisation programme involving 11 separate projects. But with the country now forced by a ballooning balance of payments deficit to make economies, half the programme has been shelved.

The five projects -- a pulp and paper complex, a diesel engine plant, a gas programme, an aluminium smelter and a pet-

**Peanuts** 

LOOK

AT

rochemical complex -- would have ruling party. the New Society cost at least 53 billion in capital expenditure. industry sources

The Philippines' balance of steps to restore order to its eco-. payments has been hit by a sharp nomy and appears to be scaling; edrop in demand for the country's down its ambitions. A 7.25 per cent devaluation of ting its crops. The deficit reached \$1.12 billion last year, and this accompanied by the suspension of year seems likely to go well bey-

> Mr. Marcos told businessmen last week that the devaluation would give a tremendous boost to the country's exports, but some of them doubted whether devaluation on its own would be eno-

> Grain, sugar and coconut crops seem certain to be hit by this year's long drought, and manufactured goods, like elothes, are limited by quotas set by importing countries. "It is one thing to be able to sell

more competitively but you have to have the goods to put on the market." a business source said. Last week a meeting of Marcos'

YOU SHOULD GET A

OLIVIER ... TRY f/8 AT

SHOT OF THAT TREE

1/125 .... OKAY ?

Movement, agreed to a request by the World Bank and the Intemational Monetary Fund (LMF) that the government cut back on its industrialisation programme in return for approval of an \$843 mil-

The IMF agreed last February to lend up to \$549 million to the Philippines in exchange for austerity measures. Mr. Marcos now estimates the country's foreign debt at over \$1.7 billion come with \$16 billion a year ago.

The country's growth rate fell by more than half to 3.6 per cent last year from 5.4 per cent in 1980. The government expects a rise this year to no more than three per

Besides shelving the five projects, the government will also review other large-scale infrastructure and agricultural pro-

jects. Mr. Marcos said last week.

YOU MIGHT ALSO WANT

TO USE A TRIPOD.

cannot support.

The measures also included the abandonment of a price subsidy system for oil products and a pledge of tough action against a currency black market that was costing millions of dollars in lost foreign exchange. The peso has been allowed to

heavy foreign credits which we

float against the dollar since 1970. Jis new rate shows a drop of 30 per cent in value since a year ago. and the local black market has been selling it as cheaply as 12 to the dollar in recent weeks.

The measures taken would require discipline. Mr. Marcos told a businessmen's lunch last week. but they held out hope of improved income for farmers and urban workers as well as benefits to the economy in reduced imports and higher exports.

"What Mr. Marcos is saying is 'we are tightening our belts', and if he means it then it's good." an This, he added, was "with a officer of one international traview to postponing those with ding house said.

## YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

FORECAST FOR MONDAY, JUNE 27, 1983

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Take a very conservative and conventional stance and you gain assistance from those in autority. An exciting influence enters tha picture giving you a chance to express originality.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) One in authority gives you support for a project. Be more formal in the handling of your career matters. Take necessary ateps.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Find new systems for handling old problems and get better results. Get in touch with a friend this evening.

GEMINI (May 21 to Juna 21) Tonight do what will please the one you love first, and then be more concerned with your own personal wishes.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Respect the suggestions of a sensitive partner and you can cement better relations with this person.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Delva right into that work ahead of you to start the week off right. Coordinate your efforts well with co-workers.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Make sure you keep any promises made since you can handle them with a spark of genius now. Cement fine relations. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Get your home in good

order and then tackle routine work efficiently. Do something that will please kin tonight. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Handle communications

and property affairs. Then get your finest talents across to othera to increase succesa. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Find some way of

adding to abundance that is novel. Follow through on it. Tonight get your books in good order. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Dive into new ven-

tures today. The evening's activities should be planned early in the day for smooth sailing. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Add your unique style

of doing things to a new project. Try to please those close to you at home tonight. Be charming. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Get matters well organized with allies. Use a positive approach in acting on decisions.

Spend time meditating tonight. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be able to organize a project and carry through with it quite easily. Later in life, he or she will get many fina new ideas and profit along these lines. There is a very indepen-

dent atreak in this nature. Instruct in sports. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to youl

(elated)

character

unit of use

50 Group

54 Reverie

Yesterday's Puzzla Solved:

"Riders to

lend grant

the Sea"

23 Htndu

by Lee C. Jones

ridges



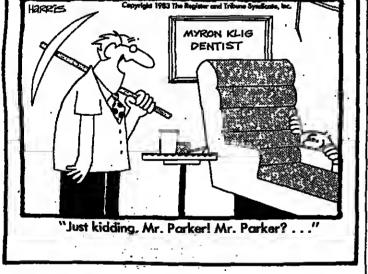
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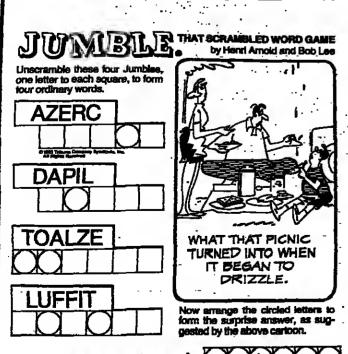
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movies "— Giris" 61 Short one 9 — jongg 10 Late Levant 64 Steal relative 66 Hida —

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Print answer here: A

(Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: MOUTH QUEST FLIMSY BELONG Answer: What he said as he was about to leave for work—TIME FOR THE "BUSS"









ME AND MY

### **Andy Capp**









# WORLD

# Italians stroll to polls

200 (IE (R) -- Italians began voting Sunday in two days of national elections as banner newspaper headlines urged the 44 million-strong electorate to abandon its apparent indifference and east ballots. No early rush to the polls was evident in Rome or other major

contres on a typically sunny summer Sunday which many Italians

summarily reserve for trips to the seaside.

Short Papers carried the key facts about the election --voting until

2000 GVIT Sunday and from 0500 to 1200 GVIT Monday, first results expected at 1300 G vIT vlonday, almost four million young p. ople voting for the first time, 52 per cent of the electorate women. The Communist Party daily L unita urged succinctly "Vota PCI" in pold red letters flanking the hammer, sickle and star party badge

acrove a drawing of a triumphant worker.

Other papers were less clearly partisan but warned against the sangers of apathy or blank votes at the end of a generally lacklustre.

A front-page editorial in Turin's La Stampa said people should without "messianic hopes" for the most honest and credible candidates. "Are there such men?" it wondered, and answered: There are a tew, Instead of lumping together all politicians in scorn

The Milan Corriere Della Sera's headline soberly announced the number of voters, focussing anenrion on the unknowns of abstentions, spoiled ballots and young voters and giving a brief summary of the parties' positions.

The left-leaning Republica sought to dispel widespread fatalism that voting would change nothing, describing the elections as "most uncertain" with the possibility of record number of floating voters. abstentions and protest votes.

"Even small swings in votes collected by the various parties will be

The vote could result in a new five-party coalitin built around the dominant Christian Democrats and Socialists. "centrist" rule in which the Christian Democrats would exclude the socialists, or the "alternative" with the communists and socialists excluding the Chr-

The headline of viilan's Il Giornale described Italy as "a country to be rebuilt." with an editorial entitled "without illusions' which admitted tht it was highly probably that nothing would change.

# Craxi risks career to

Democratic Party leader, Ciriaco De vlita, is a lawyer from the south with a waspish wit and a disarming air of composure who has had just a year at the helm to chaage his movement's tarnished

Ciriaoco De Mita

hancerats, and toured the country

in a bid to promote new support

for what looked a weary party a

Christian Democrat inv-

olvement in a series of scandals.

including the discovery of the P-2

masonic lodge in 1981 which bro-

ught down the government, had

But vir. De viita, while ret-

aining the essential values of the

party, has galvanised it, assiduously seeking the influential

support of northern industrialists

and putting new men into some of

damaged the party's image.

become prime minister. A Vilan intellectual whose casual style is matched by a pragmatic grasp of the intrigues of power politics, Vir. Craxi, 49, has shaped his

Balding, bespectacled and round-faced, he has a penchant for jeans and open-neck shirts. and has been accused of turning the socialists into Italy's radical

A television interviewer introduced Mr. Craxi this month by commenting: "People have said everything abouth Craxi. That he is hard, closed, aggressive, unpredictable -- His Majesty Bettino. But also that he is loval and courageous. One thing is certain: He has changed the face of Italian soc-

Mr. Craxi, who took over the party leadership in 1976, has inveighed regularly against the traditional domination of the Christian Democratic and communist parties, and compaigned to boost the socialists into a real third

Bettino Craxi

This drive has reached a crucial point, and Mr. Craxi himself has strongly suggested he will resign if the socialists do not make strong gains in the election.

Married with two children. Mr. for a modern, progressive Italy, modelled on North European countries.

"I started in politics too young. As a child, I wanted to be a priest, then a singer, then a lawyer, then a journalist, but I found myself immersed in politics," be said rec-

# Hanoi insists Australia resume aid before talks on Kampuchea

HANOI (R) — Australia's new foreign minister. Bill Hayden. seems to be heading into a no-win situation in the talks he will have with Vietnamese leaders here this

The crux of the issue is whether or oot Australia breaks ranks with South East Asian and major Western countries and agrees to res-ume economic aid 10 impoverished Viennam before Hanoi pledges total withdrawal of its troops from Kampuchea.

Vietnam has made it clear that if the aid is still withheld Mr. Hayden's prospects of helping secure a Kampuchean settlement will be

Authoritative sources at the Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) in Bangkok say on the other hand that any resumption of aid would strain ASEAN relations with Canberra and weaken Mr. Hayden's credibility as a political middleman. The Vietnamese are blunt

about their position.

"It will judge hy deeds not words." Mr. Hayden's Vietnamese opposite number. Nguyen Co Thach, told Reuters when asked what he expected from the

TOKYO (R) - Votes were heing

counted in Japan after Sunday's

election for the upper house of

parliament seen as a personal test

of Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nak-

asone's popularity.

Amid signs of a poor voter tur-

nout half the 252 seats of the

house of councillors are being dec-

ided in the first national election

since Mr. Nakasone took over as

prime minister seven months ago.

Pre-election polls predicted that Mr. Nakasone's Liberal

Democratic Party (LDP) would

significantly increase its already

comfortable majority in the upper

Vir. Thach's remarks reflected Vietnamese concern lest Bob Hawke's new Labour government in Canberra renege on the party's election pledge to restore the aid cut off when Vietnam invaded Kampuchea in 1978.

In an interview last week Mr. Thach said Vietnam would welcome anything Australia could do to belp restore peace in the region. He made it clear that if Australia were to cononue employing economic sanctions against Vietnam hy withholding aid its political leverage would be minimal.

According to West European and Asian amhassadors here, the Vietnamese are not concerned so much to get the Australian aid. which would be a drop in the ocean of their enormous need for foreign assistance, as to break the ranks of the non-communist world community which has ranged itself against Hanoi over its invasion of Kampuchea.

Australian aid had taken the form mainly of help with cattlebreeding and dairy farming pro-

rthrew the Chinese-backed Pol Pot government which had massacred huge numbers of Kampucheans, non-communist aid has virtually stopped to Vietnam, a country in dire poverty which desperately needs foreign assistance.

Since the invasion, which ove-

But as Mr. Thach said, it will not accept foreign aid which has pol-irical strings attached. Mr. Thach said Vietnamese forces would not be totally withdrawn from Kampuchea until China pledged to stop interfering in Indochinese affairs, although partial withdrawals might be agreed with the ASEAN nations.

Although Mr. Thach said he saw no sign of Chinese readiness to meet Vietnam's demands, "any contribution from Australia to peace in South-East Asia is wel-

Then he hoisted the warning flag. "At the same time we are watching whether the present government in Australia is following the same policy as (former Prime Minister Malcom) Fraser. jects. both badly needed in a country where as one diplomat said with China and the ASEAN country where as one diplomat said there is virtually no fat of any kind ntries to blockade economically or

the same time in the previous

pre-election surveys suggested it

could pick as many as 15 add-

The main opposition Japan Soc-

ialist Party (JSP) was seen likely to

loose some seats from its current

strength of 48 as was the next lar-

est opposition group, the centrist

upper bouse poll in 1980.

itional seats.

### Ghanaian workers turn into judges

**NEWS** 

BRIEF

LONDON (R) - Robin Hood is

to be portrayed in a new British

television series as a rural guerrilla

fighting right-wing government. In a break with tradition, the flashing-eyed outlaw of Sherwood

forest will be transformed into a

dedicated leftist leading a band of

rather less than merry men. "It

will be very un-Errol Flynn. very unromantic." said producer Paul

Knight. "It's going to be a com-mitted piece that says something about society. "Robin is a young

Saxon resistance worker fighting

against the Normans. In wider terms, he is equivalent of an El Salvador guerrilla campaigning

against right-wing oppressors".

The TV series is due to be shown

on Britain's independent tel-

evision network late this year.

Robin Hood to

get new look

ABIDJAN (R) — Ghanaian workers defence councils have taken over the supreme court, dissolved the judicial council and abolished the post of chief justice in an effort to set up a "people's judicial sys-tem." Accra Radio said Salurday. The ruling party, which holds 134 seats in the upper house, had 65 seats up for re-election and The councils, the grassroot organisations supporting the revolutionary government of Flight-Lieutenant Jerry Rawlings, said in a statement Friday night the time bad come to abolish the old judicial system. It would be replaced by a "more dynamic and egalitarian people's judicial system." the councils said. The statement also called for a people's takeover of the free press which it accused of promoting subversion. Earlier this week, the councils closed Accra's law school indefinetly.

GLOUCESTER, England (R) -The days of the bad-tempered bee may be numbered. Stung into act ion, research workers in England's west country are trying to develop a strain of "docile, gentle and tho-roughly British" bees. "We are not seeking to breed the sting out of bees, only their viciousness." said John Cox. beekeeping adviser to Gloucestershire County Council. Researchers work with selected queen bees taken from colonies that show themselves to be unusually mild-mannered. The queens are then encouraged to take over ill-tempered colonies. Our pilot scheme has made considerable progress". Cox said.

#### Future British bees will be gentlemen

Next year we will continue the campaign on a bigger scale."

# Reagan talks about

U.S. education

basics as requirements for a high hematics, science, history and 'snap'' courses and increasing pay for the best teachers.

# Hitler stripped of

The West German city of Hagen announced it had stripped former Nazi dictator Adolf Hitler of his bonorary citizenship. 38 years after his suicide in a Berlin bunker. The council declared in a formal motion that Hitler "bad forfeited his bonorary citizenship by his criminal activities" during 13 years of Nazi rule. A spokesman for Hagen city council said the motion was sponsored by the opposition Social Democrats (SPD). "No-one is suggesting for a moment that Adolf Hitler was an honoured citizen in Hagen until today, ft was purely a formal act.

#### Mr. Clean' lawyer leads Christian Democrat Party be Italy's pre nier SOME (R) - Italy's Christian

ROME (R) -- Socialist leader Bettino Craxi. probably Italy's most talked-about politician, is described with equal regularity as charismatic and objectionable. He makes no secret of his ambition to

once-Marxist party into a moderate, Social Democratic mould.

chic party,



Craxi has spoke o often of the need

The upper house is con-stitutionally subordinate to the house of representatives, in which the LDP held the reins of power uninterrupted since 1955.

Mr. Nakasone told reporters. Saturday that even if he won the predicted upper house victory, he would not call an election for the lower house until its four-year term ended next June.

Voter furnout low in Japan polls

During the campaign, he dep-arted from the usual practice of Japanese post-war leaders by laying significant stress on foreign policy, arguing that Japan should become more assertive in intemational affairs.

Late voting figures indicated a significant lack of enthusiasm among Japan's 84 million eligible voters, reflecting an absence of fervour during the three-week

Electoral officials reported that the voting rate 30 minutes before the polls closed eas 51.78 per cent, compared with 66.95 per cent at

Komeito (clean government)
Party, which held 27 seats. Of the total 126 seats at stake in Sunday's poll, 50 were fought under a newly-introduced proportional representation system of choosing a party instead of an ind-ividual and the remainder, as bef-

ore, by candidates standing as indlviduals in local constitutencies.

# Churchill's biographer turns obscure businessman into a hero

SEW DELHI (R) - Opposition within the next three years, basic eader Chandra Shekhar, said anday he would set up centres throughout India to build up a graasonous organisation to help the

Thurst to the top of the cou-

ntry's most powerful party last

year with a "Mr. Clean" image.

Vit. De villa, 55, has sought tir-

the six to convince Italians that

the Christian Democrats have thrown off corruption and oss-

itaration to become a renewed

the former industry and external

trace minister from the southern

escapit Avellino has been broadly

Tall and balding, with an aquiling nose, vir. De viita fought a

surbal slugging match with soc-

ai a leader Bettino Craxi during

the election campaign, and see-

intering and assertive than vir.

Tracifs, but he has a steely will and

an un-lisputed political astuteness.

to es into the Christian Dem-

permit Party, created a personal

matourage of go-ahead tec- the party's southern power bases.

Indian politician to set up

**GOREN BRIDGE** 

grassroots organisation

He has brought several new

His style is perhaps less dom-

mud to come out at least equal.

specessful in his mission.

any political analysts believe

vir. Shekhar, who completed turday a 4,000 kilometres walk ... india emulating the maration marches of independence leader vlahatma Gandhi in the 1940s, is trying to pioneer a fundamental shift in Indian politics in amount of those living in India's dusty and poverty-stricken villages.

Vir. Shekhar, 56, president of the Linata (People's) Party which ruled India from 1977 to 1980. told a mass rally Saturday night he wanted implementation of a fivepoint programme to help the

BY CHARLES GOREN

1 1983 Tribune Company Syndicale, Inc.

Q. — Receptly, a player in our

club mentioned "Key-Card

Bicckwood." He said it was a

variation of the ace-asking

convention where responder

can show up to five aces.

Since our decks inve to more

then feur aces, I was

thoroughly confused. Per-

hops you can explain it all to

me, and comment on the

usefulness of the bid. - J.

(This question has been

awarded the weekly prize.)

A .- Your friend does not

play with a strange pack

- when you use Key-Card

Blackwood you count the

hing of trumps as a fifth

'ace." Partner responds to

four no trump as follows:

Five hearts - 2 aces

Five spades - 3 aces

Five clubs - 0 or 4 aces

Five diamonds - 1 or 5 aces

On a number of hands this

is a most useful convention.

and many expert pairs swear

by this method. I am not com-

pletely convinced. There are

times when you would like to

gamble on a alam if you are

missing one ace and the king

cf trumps-it will depend at

Strong, Chicago, III.

health facilities especially for nursing and expectant mothers, encouraging child education, justice for oppressed minorities and support for communal integration

He explained at a press con-ference Sunday he would recruit young people to man a series of centres across the country to help the poor at village level. vir. Shekhar, looking weary

after his six-month walk which began at Kanyakumari on the southern tip of India. was given a warm welcome when he entered Delhi Saturday.

Mr. Shekhar said he will devote more time to running his centres around the country than to being involved in routine politics. He His plan includes providing drisaid a change of government alting water to every Indian village would not lead to social change.

warst on a finesse and you

might have extra trump

length to compensate for

lacking the king. But if you

use Key-Card Blackwood,

you can't be sure whether

you are missing one ace and

the king of trumps, or two

aces. In the long ruo, it does

nnt pay to hid slams when

Another drawback is the

chance of partnership

misunderstanding, which

I've seen happen all too

often-even with world-

famous partnersbips. One

player bids four no trump to

ask for aces, but his partner

treats it as Key-Card

Blackwood and shows an ir-

relevant king as an ace, with

Q.-Whieb style dn ynn

recommend-light or sound

opening bids, and why?-R.

A .- Personally, I tend to

open light, but f am ag-

gressive by nature. There is

little to choose hetween the

two methods. Find out which

style suits your tempera-

ment best, and stick to it. fn

the long run, the winners are

the players who make the

fewest mistakes, regardlesa

of the strength of their open-

Marshall, Omaha, Neb.

disastrous results.

your side is off two aces.

secrecy was largely behind a lifeline of American hardware that save Britain from Nazi conquest in World War II. according to a book published Sunday. The man, Arthur Purvis. des-

cribed by Britain's wartime leader Winston Churchill as "our devoted agent", struck deals worth billions of dollars for supplies vital to overstretched Britain in 1940 when German invasion seemed

The role of the unflappable

Churchill."Fioest Hour". by Mar-

Mr. Purvis set up a British purchasing mission in Washington in December 1939, two years before the U.S. came into the war, and worked closely with President aides until his death in a plane crash in August 1941.

Shipments arranged by Vir. night unknown to either U.S. is-

LONDON (R) — An obscure Purvis, an industrialist and exp- olationists or German U-boats. efforts to draw the United States good Samaritan." Canadian businessman working in losives expert, is told in detail for Only his secret telegrams told into the war and Roosevelt's meathe first time in a new biography of Chruchill's inner circle what was

> coming. Each day from London, Gilbert writes. Mr. Purvis got word of British needs. transmitted them 10 those in Washington who could supply them, followed up each request with tenacity and smo-Franklin Roosevelt and his senior othed over the difficulties which arose with tact and skill.

> Gilbert's 1.274-page work, the sixth volume of the official life of Purvis left New Jersey ports by Churchill and covering 1939-41. details Churchill's unremitting

sured and sometimes covert steps to the same end.

Shaving one morning. Churchill was asked by his son Randolph how Britain could beat the bastards". Gilbert quotes Churchill as

replying: "I shall drag the United But he told his private secretary John Colville he feared that

"America's love of doing good show any inclination to be the (keep buggering on)."

He was jubilant driving back to

Downing Street after telling Parliament in August 1941 that Anglo-American cooperation was inevitable: "Like the Mississippi, it just keeps rolling along." "He sang 'Ole man river' in the

car all the way back," wrote Col-

Gilbert quotes Churchill's maxim to Britons during their peril: "Keep jogging along" husiness may lead them to denude and the more private exhortation us of all our resources before they he reserved for ministers: "KBO

# Lech Walesa's future in question after Pope's peace-making visit

By David Storey

WARSAW (R) — Pope John Paul's visit to Poland has left optimism for concessions by the communist government and a question mark over the future role of Lech Walesa, leader of the hanned Solidarity union.

Senior church sources said they helieved an extended meeting between the communist leader. Gen. Wojciech Jaruzelski, and the Pope on the eve of his departure ereated conditions for the possible full abolition of martial law next month.

They confirmed reports from

### **NEWS ANALYSIS**

Vatican sources that the government was also considering an amnesty for political prisoners in the autumn and an end to legal steps against people associated with Solidarity. At the same time Mr. Walesa,

who conferred privately with the Pope on Thursday, indicated he may accept the government stand that he is no longer the man to represent the workers on Union

### Facing realities

In an interview with the U.S. television network NBC, he said: The problem is not who negoriates but what is negotiated. It is not important who solves problems. If there are better people to hy supporters at mass meetings do that then ok, let them go ahead.

Mr. Walesa, who for millions of Poles embodies the fighting spirit and ideals of the outlawed free trade union, said be had much thinking to do about his meeting with the Pope. which had helped him "spiritually".



A rousing welcome for the Pope in Gdansk, the birthplace of the now-banned Solidarity free trade

authorities as a political figure since his release from martial law internment last November. Government ministers have repeatedly stated that he has no fut-

ure as a partner for the authorities. Mr. Walesa has said he still considers himself leader of the union,. of which he is the elected chairman, and his name was chanted wherever the Pope went on his

ight-city tour. The Pope is therefore well aware of the respect the Polish people still feel for him.

The general's dilemma

But Gen. Jaruzelski is in the

He has been ostracised by the uncomfortable position of having to look over both shoulders at the same time.

He must accommodate the force of his own frustrated people given new beart by the Pope's presence, and he must accommodate Moscow, which expects tighter political control and was never happy with the papal visit from the

The visit has clearly stirred feverish political debate with the communist leadership here.

The party's ruling politburo adjourned what some sources said was a stormy session on Tuesday and resumed the debate Saturday. It is highly unusual for the politburo to meet on Saturday. No details of the talks have yet eme-

The situation has also been complicated by reports here that the Warsaw Pact is preparing to hold a summit meeting either in Moscow or perhaps Warsaw next week, although there has been no confirmation of this.

The Polish authorities have begun a propaganda campaign to elaim the pilgrimage as a victory for their own stand.

Official newspapers bave interpreted the papal speeches as reflecting the government position and hailed them as a proof that dialogue, which the Pope said was essential to ensure peace and real development, was possible.

However, the authorities appeared to be referring more to

Pope called for national dialogue on the lines of contacts between the Solidarity leadership, representing more than 10 million people, and the government which created hope of genuine democratic change.

### One-egg basket

The authorities' main initiative for creating greater trust and support from the people is the pol-itieal umbrella organisation PRON, which has been rejected hy most people as another extension of the existing power str-

The body is carefully organised to prevent any possibility of a real challenge to the government line and there is no sign that the communist rulers are prepared to leave any opening for a repeat of the threat to their power raised by. Solidarity.

ucture.

The Pope's public apecches provided the first occasion since martial law was imposed for a Polish opponent of the government's policies to openly express his feelings without being labelled an enemy of the state.

Only the Pope, with his immense stature within the country and the world, was in a position to take this step.

Although it is still too early for a detailed assessment, the signs from the Pope-Jaruzelski meetings suggest a deep rethink in government policies, although any real social changes are only expected over a long period.

"The Pope has embarked on a road nobody bas travelled before. but he has done so for the good of the nations," a senior church source said. He bad created a new dialogue - "it may be difficult, slow, dogged and arduous; but that's the way Germans are." he nevertheless it is a dialogue." told Reuters.

(Ali I sin Light)

WASHINGTON (R) - President Reagan said Saturday more emphasis was needed on mathematics. science and languages to improve U.S. education rather than increased federal funds. In his weekly national radio address he endorsed recent recommendations of a national commission for improving the American public education system, which the commission said was declining. "The commission urged we return to school diploma." Mr. Reagan said. He said this included four years of English, more marhomework, ending so-called

# honorary citizenship

HAGEN, West Germany (R) -